



LATIN METALS INC.



January 2024

# LACSHA PROJECT

TSX.V: LMS

OTCQB: LMSQF

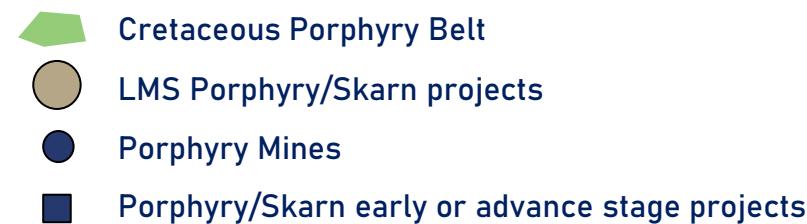
- Project is 100%-owned by Zafiro Mining SAC (subsidiary of Latin Metals Inc.)
- Lacsha is located 130km north of Lima city – excellent infrastructure (port, power, road)
- Current 4-year agreement with local community
- Fully permitted for drilling – 21 drill pads approved under FTA
- Extensive exploration completed to define drill targets – approx. \$850,000 to date
  - Talus sampling defines key copper-moly centers with peripheral zinc-lead anomalies
  - Channel sampling over priority anomalies include 136m @ 0.24% copper, 179ppm moly
  - incl. 52m @ 0.38% copper, 237ppm moly
  - Ground magnetic and induced polarization data over key targets



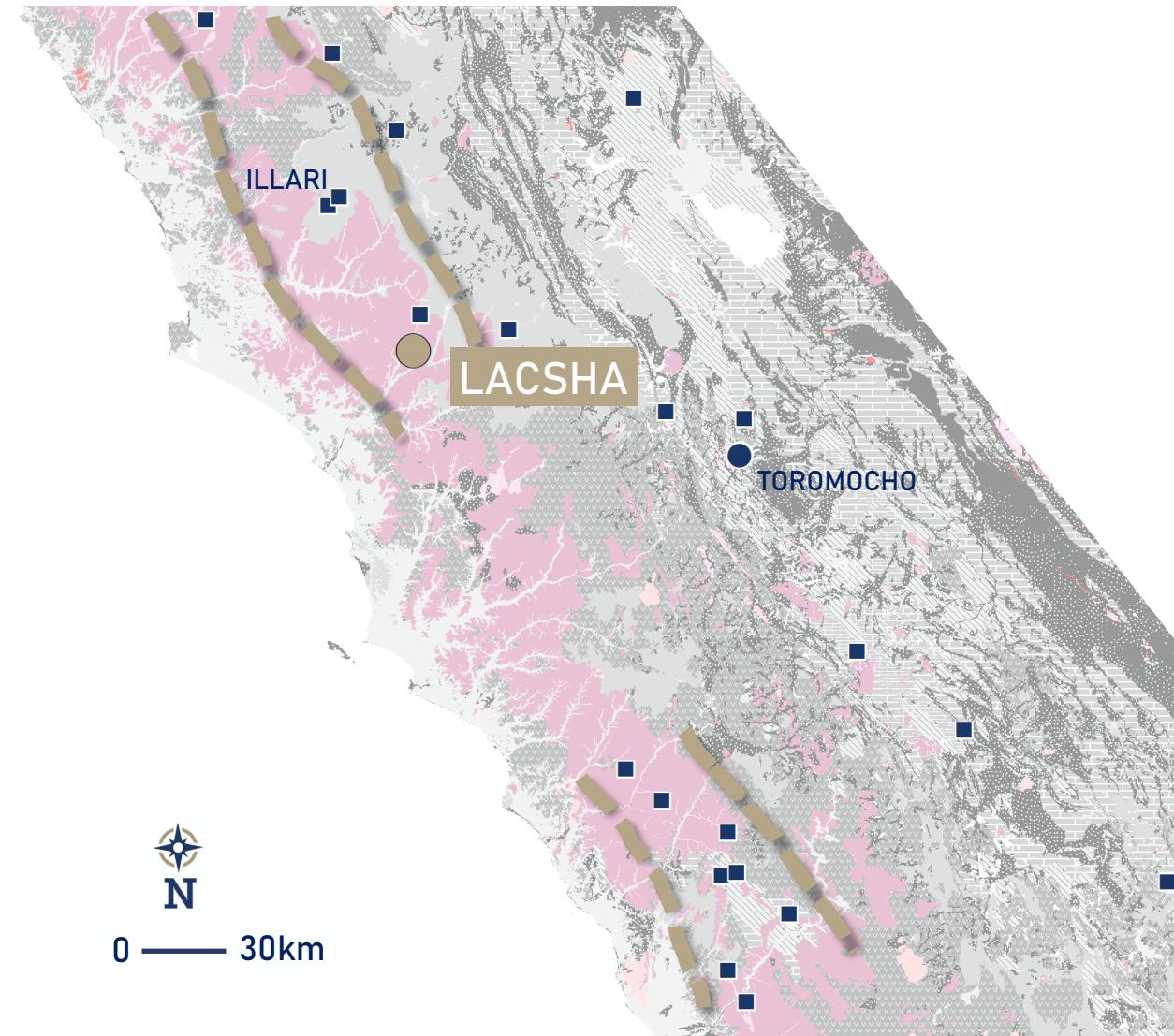
# Cretaceous Porphyry Belt



- Cretaceous porphyry belt of Peru was historically recognized between Ica and Arequipa but now extended north of Lima following the discovery of Illari deposit and subsequent exploration successes.
- This belt hosts copper-molybdenum and copper-gold-molybdenum porphyries.



# Principal Mineralizing Events



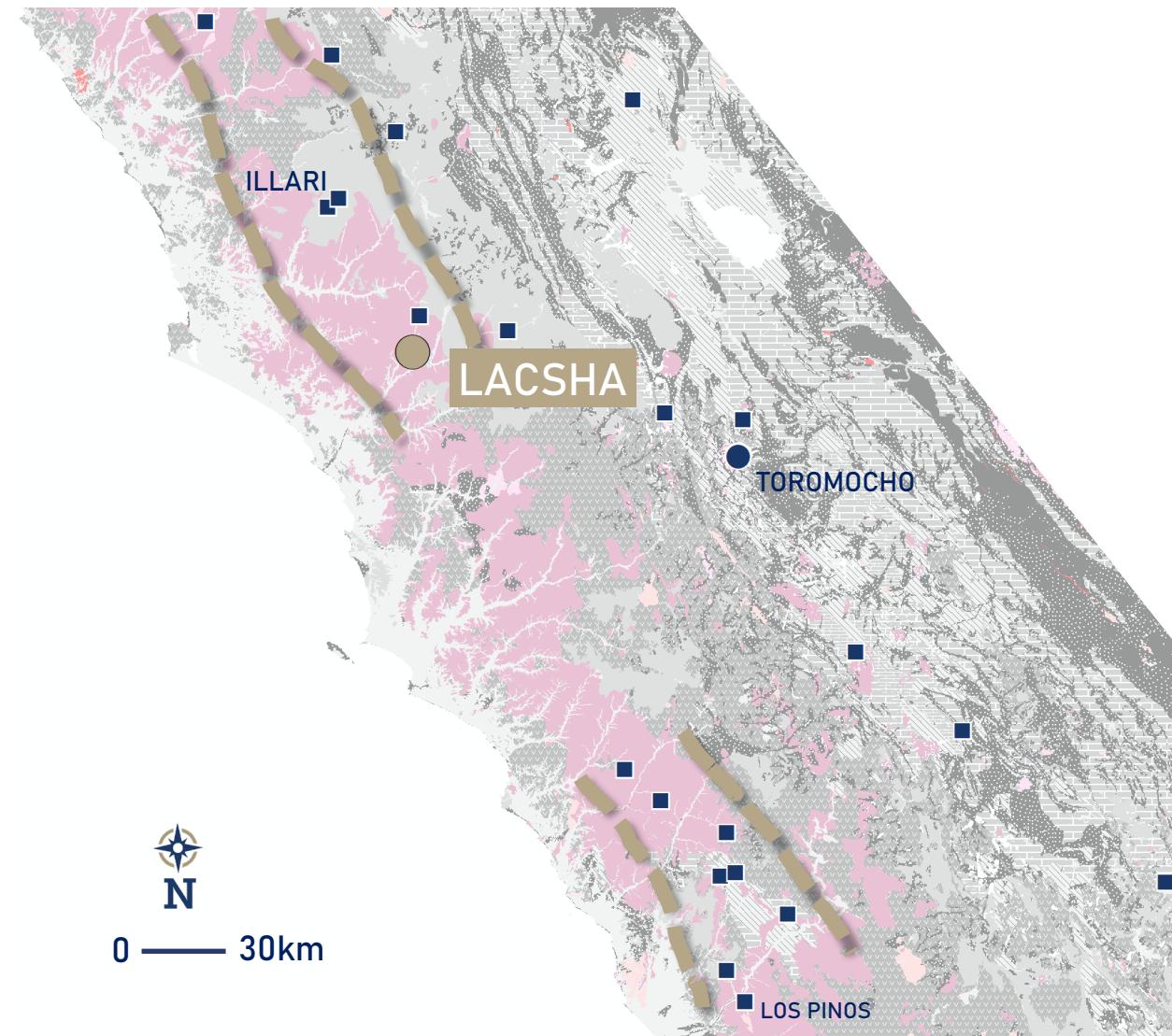
Regional Geology by INGEMMET

- Upper Cretaceous (66-100 Ma) Angostura(68 Ma), Puquio (76 Ma), Illari (79 Ma), Pucacorral Sur (82 Ma), Marcahuí, Durazno, Cuco, Aguas Verdes, Lara, Lacsha (78Ma)
- Lower Cretaceous (100-145.5 Ma) Porphyry EL Yaral (106 Ma), Pucacorral Norte (112 Ma) , La llave (115 Ma), Erika (128Ma), Campanero – Part of Zafranal cluster (141 Ma),



(\*) from Buenaventura web page, (\*\*) from MMG web page

# Copper Endowment



Regional Geology by INGEMMET

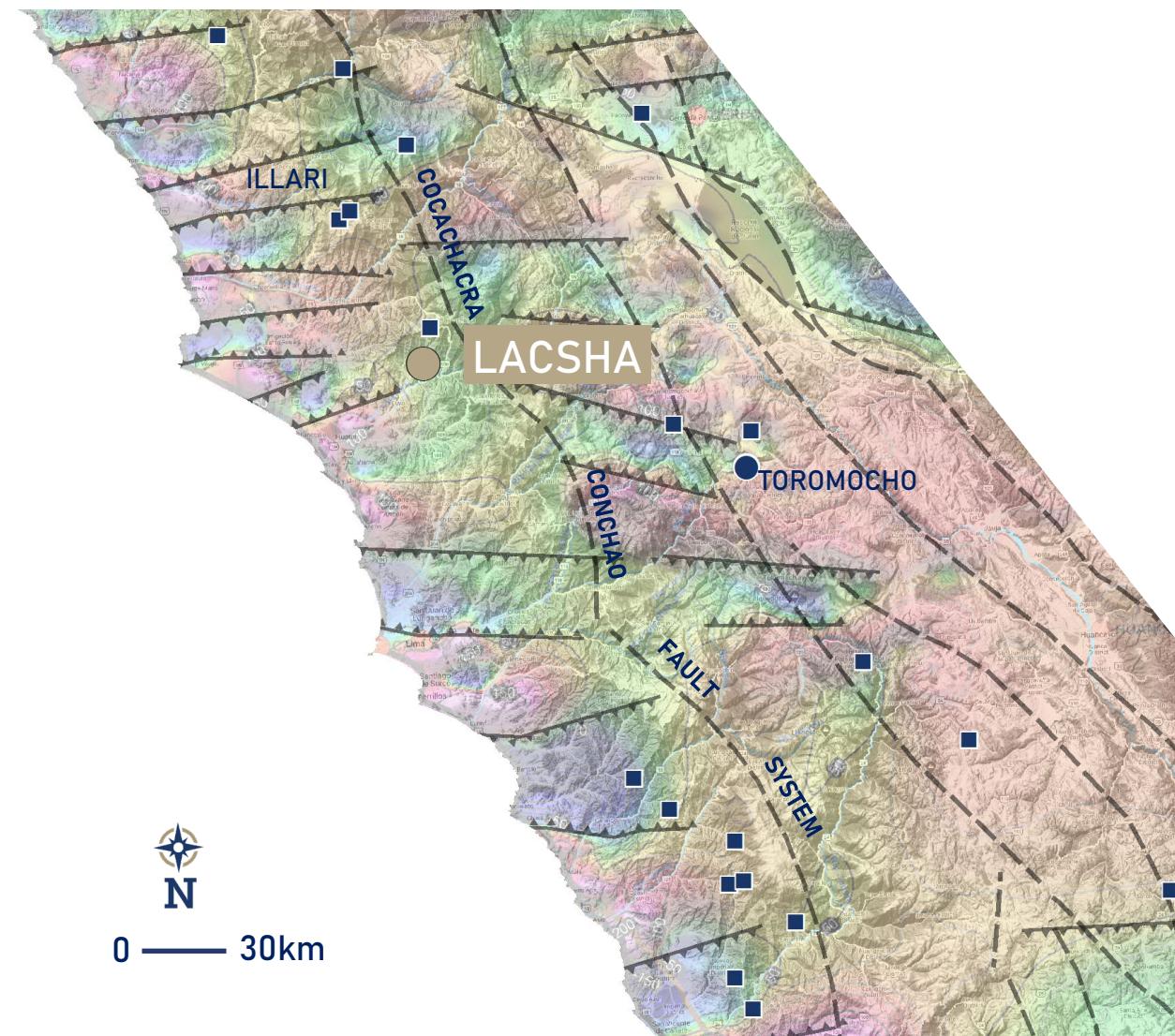
(\*) from Proexplo conference

- Illari Project drill highlights include 293m @ 0.54% copper and 0.28 g/t gold
- Northern portion of the belt is underexplored; many of the projects are early-stage discoveries awaiting drill testing
- Lacsha is fully drill permitted

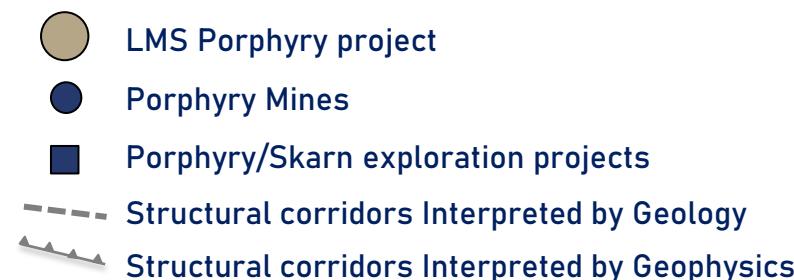
- LMS Porphyry project
- Porphyry Mines
- Porphyry/Skarn exploration projects
- Cenozoic Material
- Cretaceous Volcanic Package
- Cretaceous Calcareous Package
- Cretaceous Fine Sediments
- Mesozoic Sedimentary Package
- Cretaceous Coastal batholith



# Structural Framework

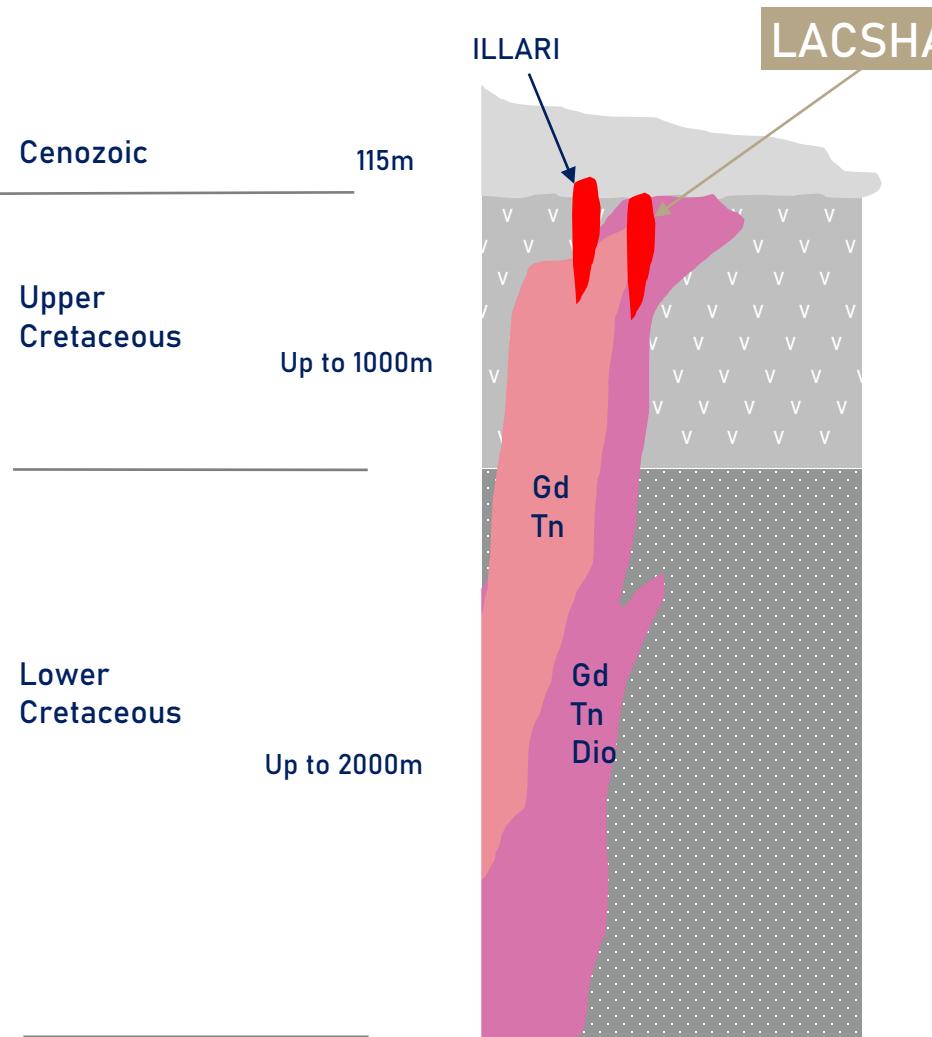


- Deposits are strongly controlled by the intersection of major structural trends:
  - East-west low magnetic trends recognized by airborne magnetic surveys and;
  - major mapped fault systems trending northwest-southeast
- Possible relationship to deep structures controlling secondary porosity



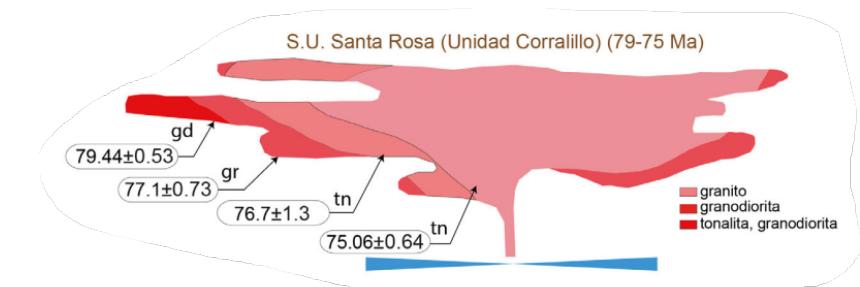
\*Regional MAG interpretation by Peru Petro

# Stratigraphic Column

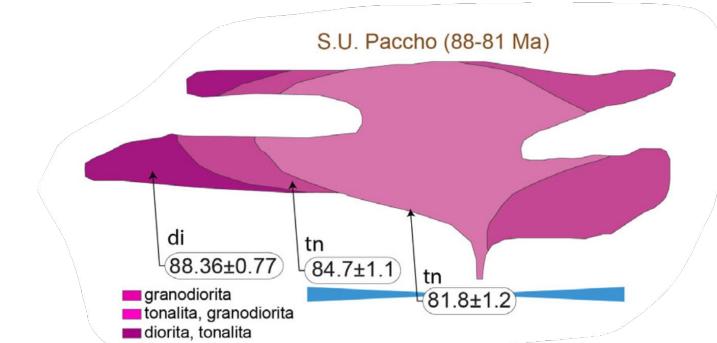


## Calipuy volcanics

Gpo Casma. ( Andesites, Basalts Volcanic and volcaniclastics)



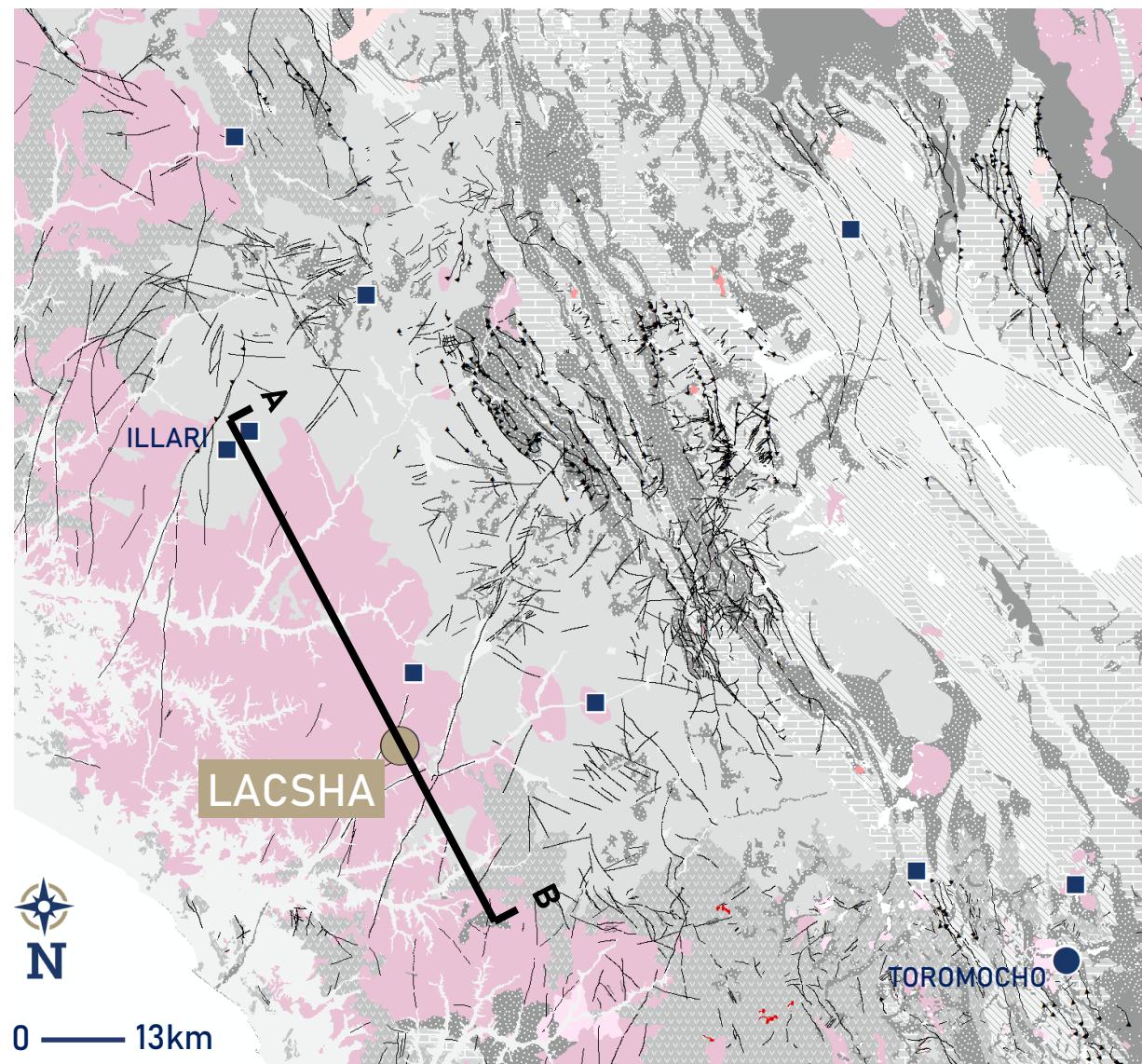
Gpo. Morro Solar. (Sandstone, Siltstone)



\* Modified from INGEMMET ,D039 ,2023



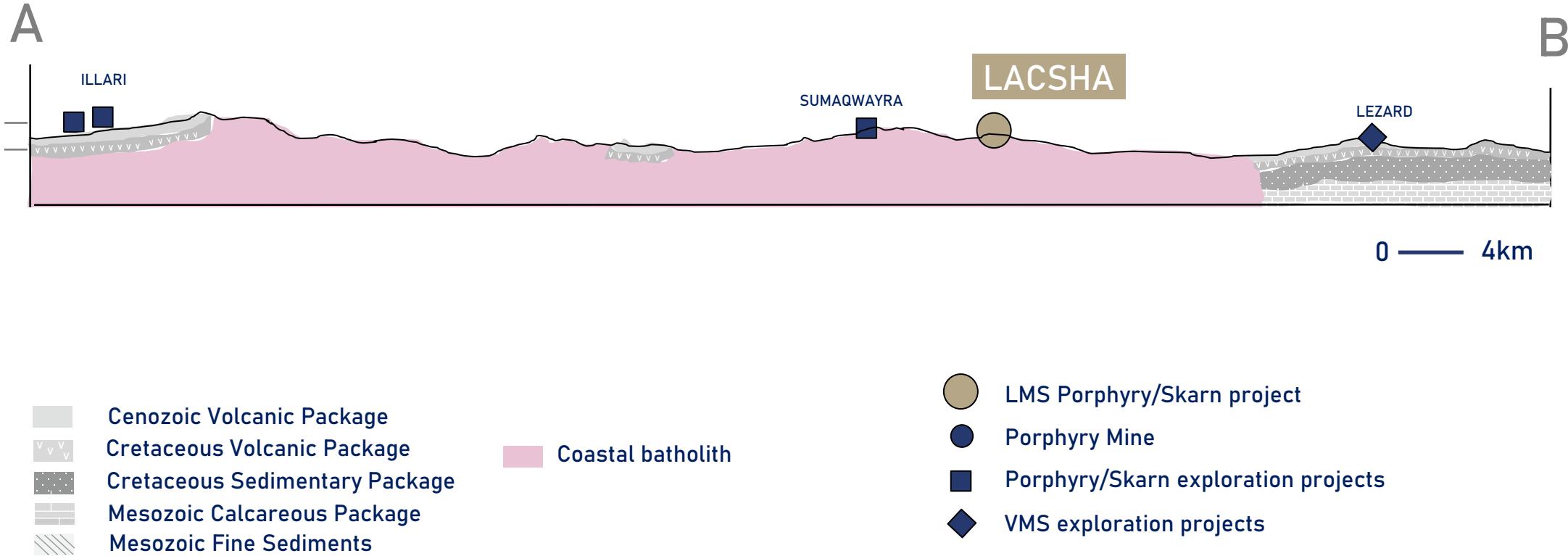
# District Geology



- Costal batholith in the Lima segment consists of various super units with ages between 66 Ma to 100 Ma, and it is directly related to the CASMA basin.
- Several prospective zones are been actively exploring in this area.
- Illari (porphyry), Sumaqwayra (porphyry), Lezard (VMS), and Elida (porphyry) are the principal discoveries.
- Most of the prospects are located at the east margin of the Coastal Batholith, related to the Andean Conchao Cocachacra fault system.



# Schematic Section

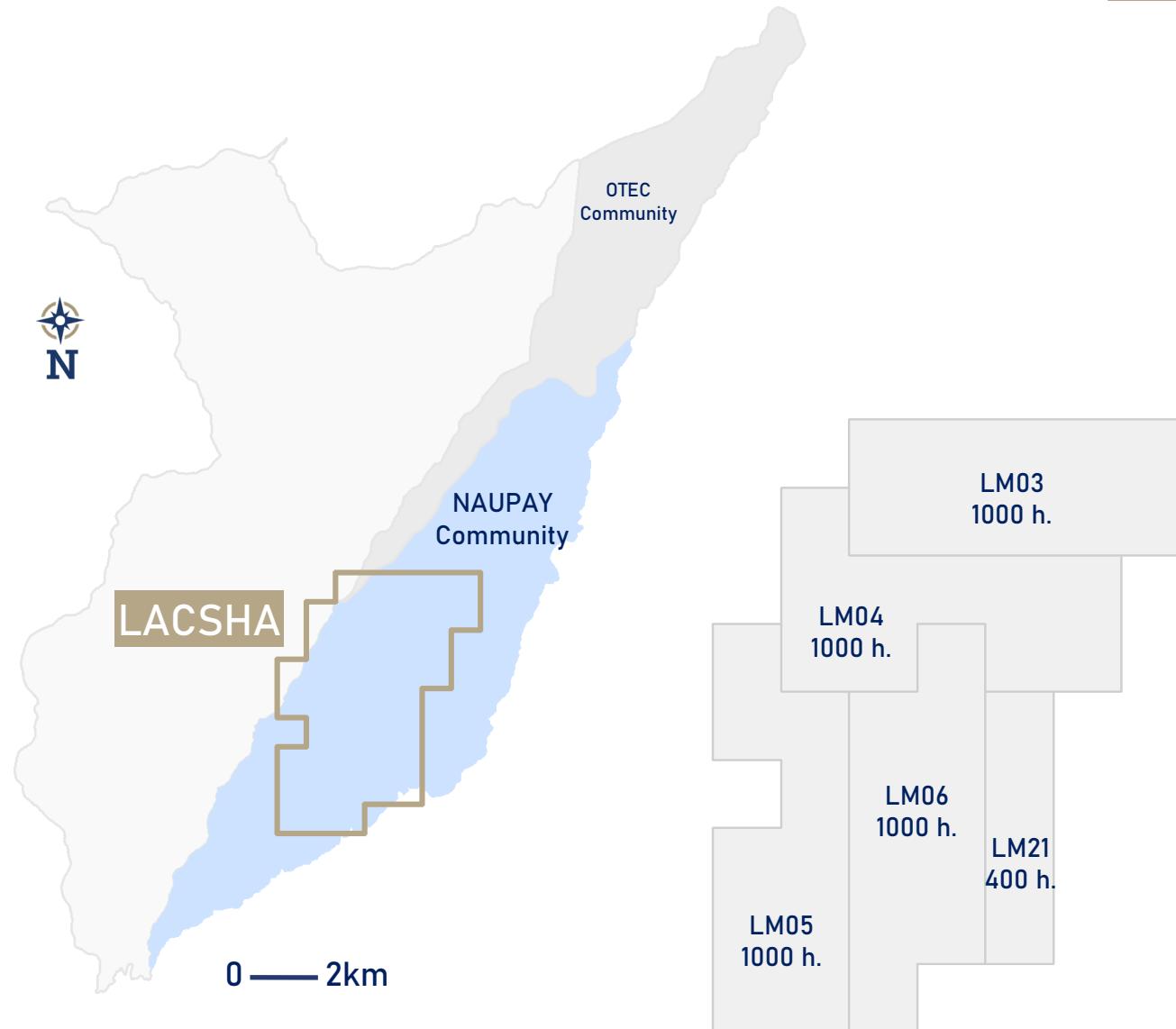


# Infrastructure & Access

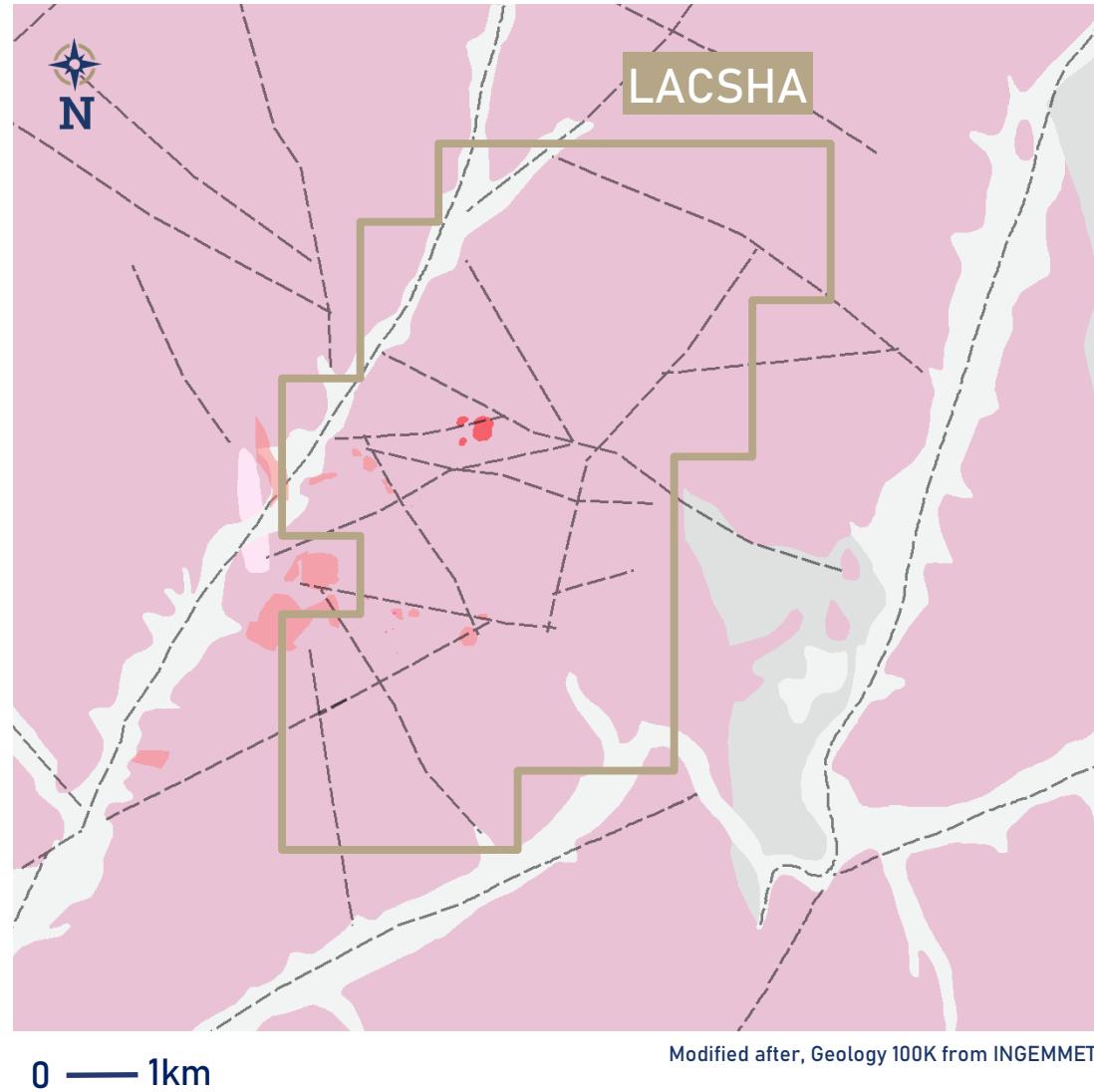


- The project is located in Lima department, Huaral Province.
- There is a road to the property from Huaral providing access by truck to the edge of the property.
- Travel time from Lima to Huaral to Q. Totoral is approximately 2.5hrs.

# Stakeholder Engagement

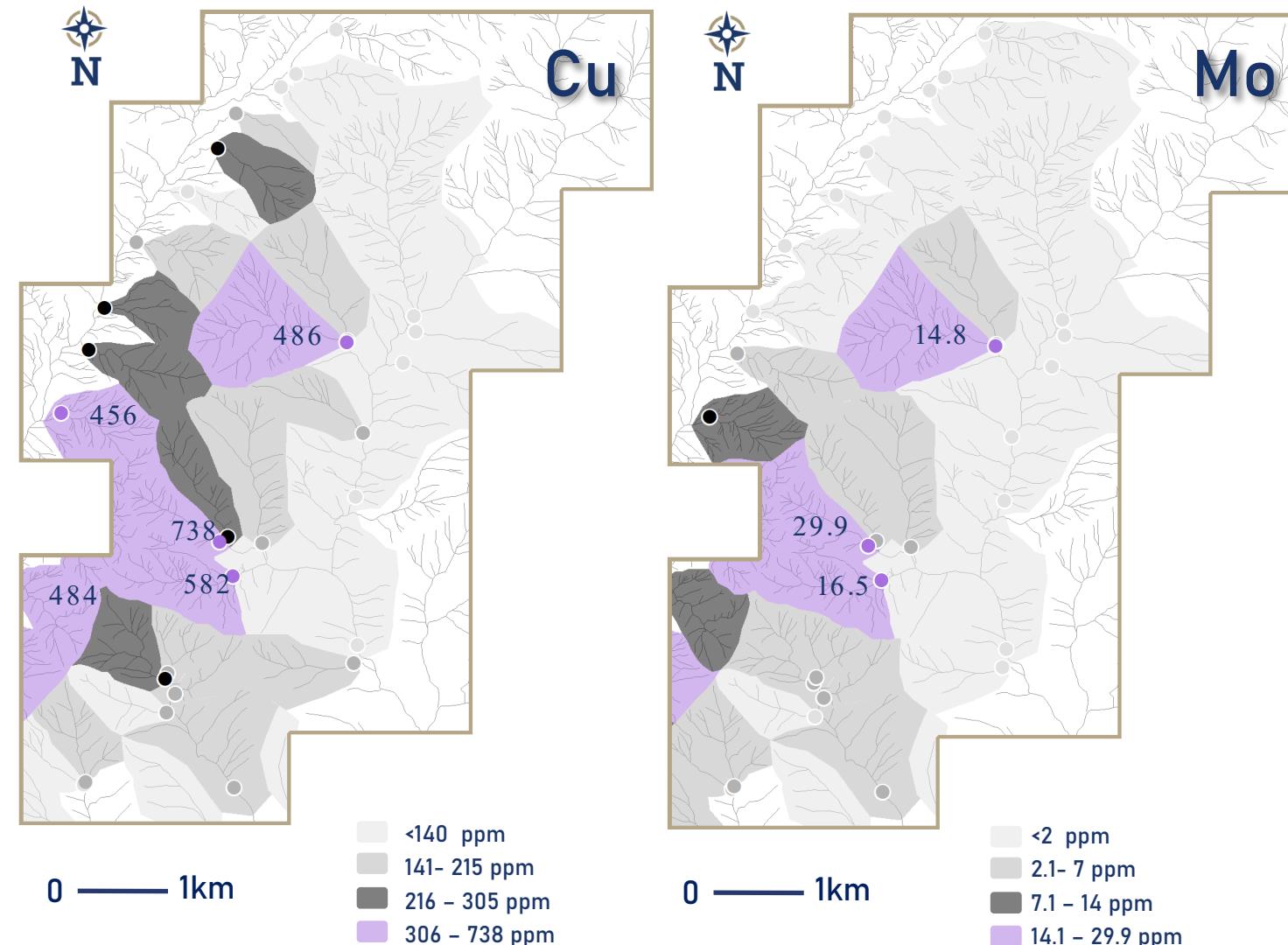


- The Lacsha project is within the Naupay community territory.
- LMS has signed a Servidumbre agreement (agreement required to get a drill permit) to explore the area of the Naupay community for 4 years. The payment for Year 2 has recently been completed.
- The property totals 4400 hectares - 5 mining properties all with mining titles under the name of Zafiro Mining SAC (100% subsidiary of Latin Metals Inc.)
- All properties in good standing.



- Favorable structural setting with a favourable northwest-southeast displacement, perpendicular to the regional northeast-southwest regional geophysical and geological trends.
- The area is dominated by the coastal batholith with the principal super units Santa Rosa and Paccho

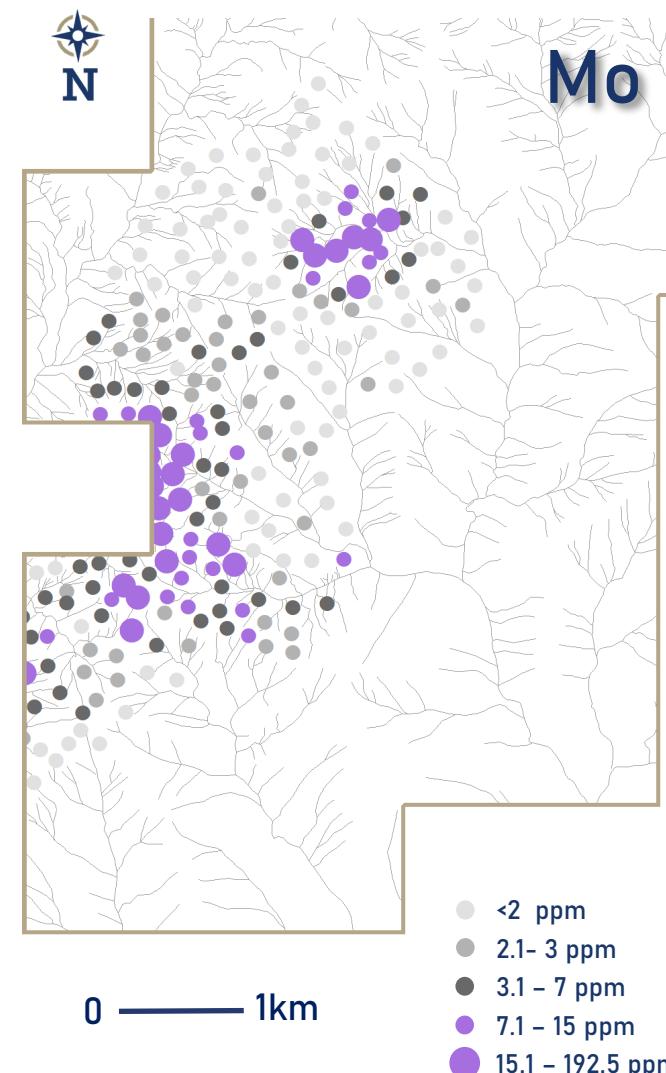
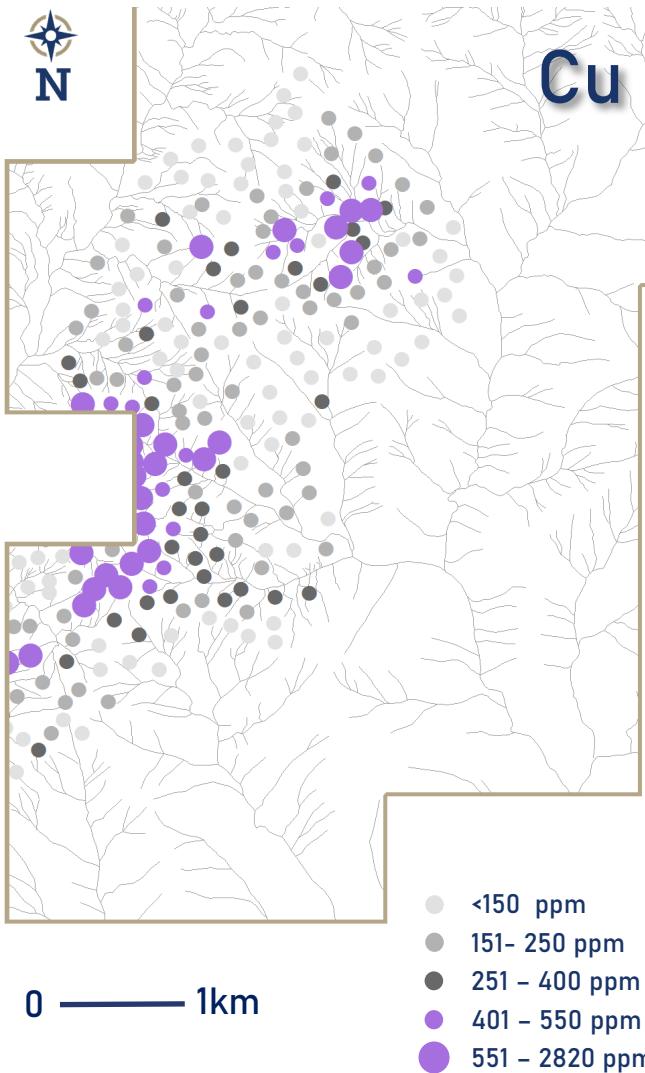
# Stream Sediment Sampling



- 41 samples were collected in the survey area.
- Principal correlation in the survey was copper-moly-silver-selenium
- Values in excess of 150 ppm copper are usually considered anomalous in this portion of the belt
  - Lacsha anomalies considerably higher than this.
- Latin Metals focused the follow up survey on values greater than 300 ppm copper.

| Correlation | Cu ppm | Ag ppm | Mo ppm | Se ppm |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Cu ppm      | 1      | 0.75   | 0.64   | 0.86   |
| Ag ppm      | 0.75   | 1      | 0.5    | 0.75   |
| Mo ppm      | 0.64   | 0.5    | 1      | 0.79   |
| Se ppm      | 0.86   | 0.75   | 0.79   | 1      |

# Talus Sampling



- 241 samples were collected in the survey.
- Principal correlation in the survey was copper-moly-silver
- Stream sediment sample anomalies were confirmed.
- With additional geochemical resolution, reduction in target area to:
  - Lacsha North 2.5 km x 1 km zone.
  - Lacsha South 1 km x 0.8 km zone.

| Correlation | Cu ppm | Mo ppm | Ag ppm |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Cu ppm      | 1      | 0.66   | 0.68   |
| Mo ppm      | 0.66   | 1      | 0.74   |
| Ag ppm      | 0.68   | 0.74   | 1      |

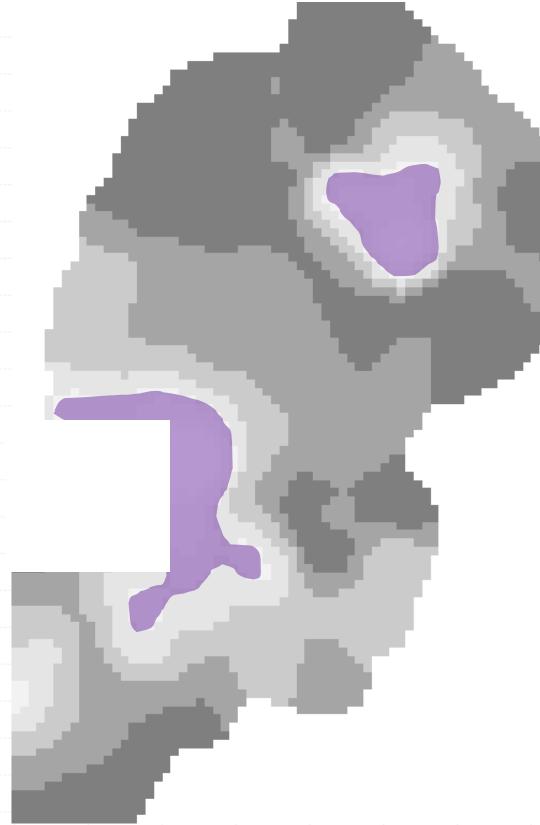
# Talus Sampling



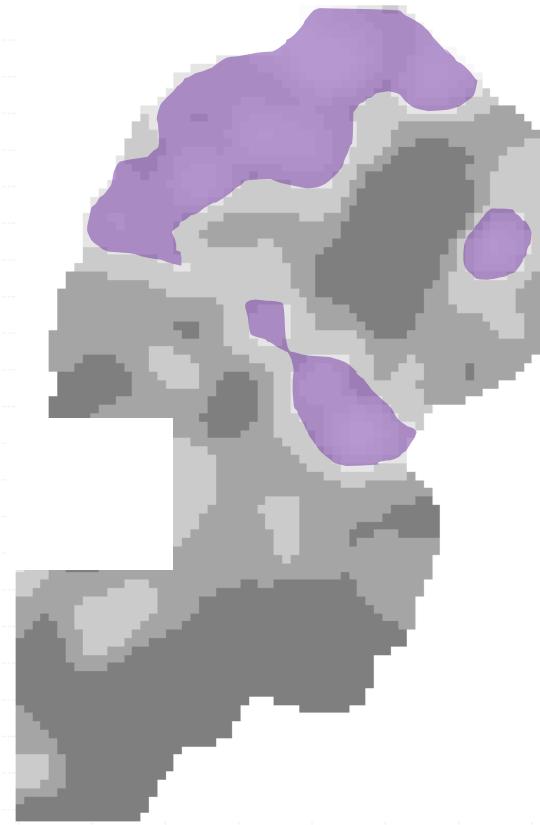
Cu



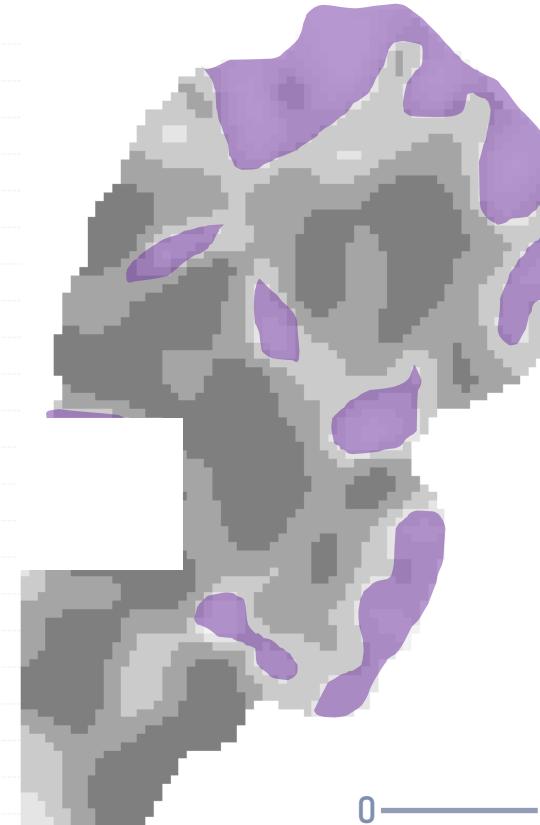
Mo



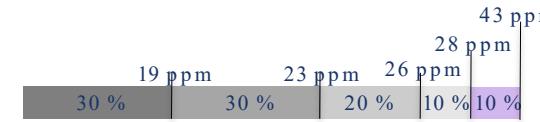
Zn



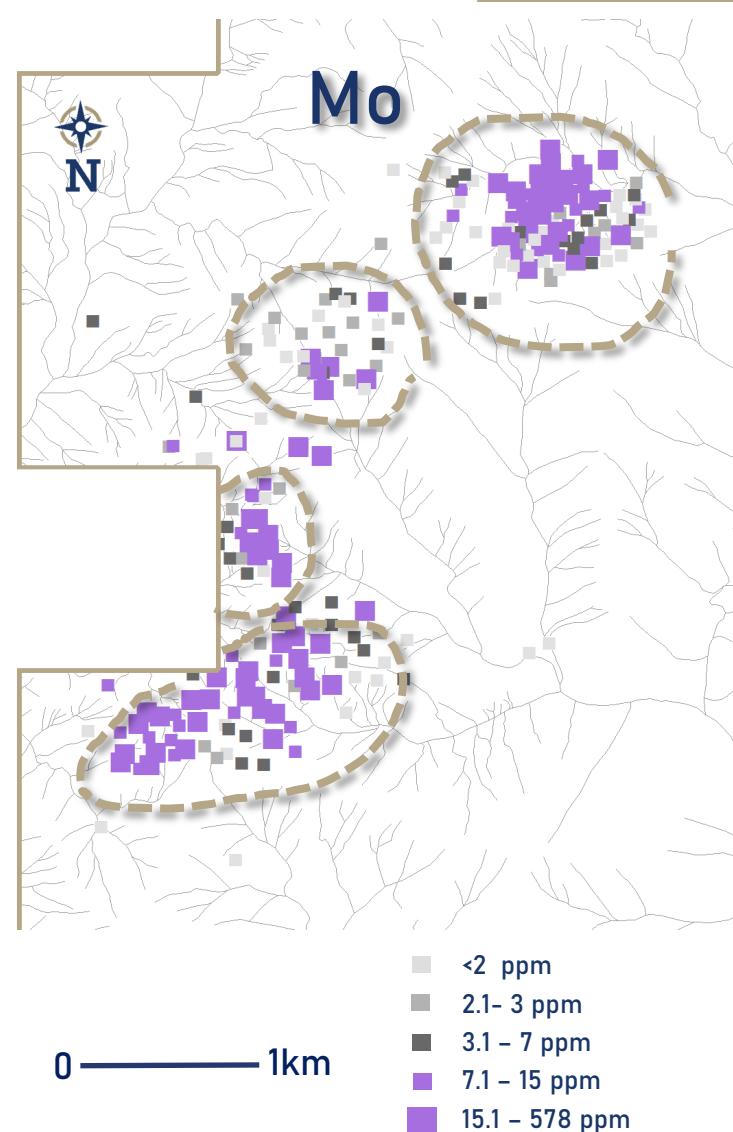
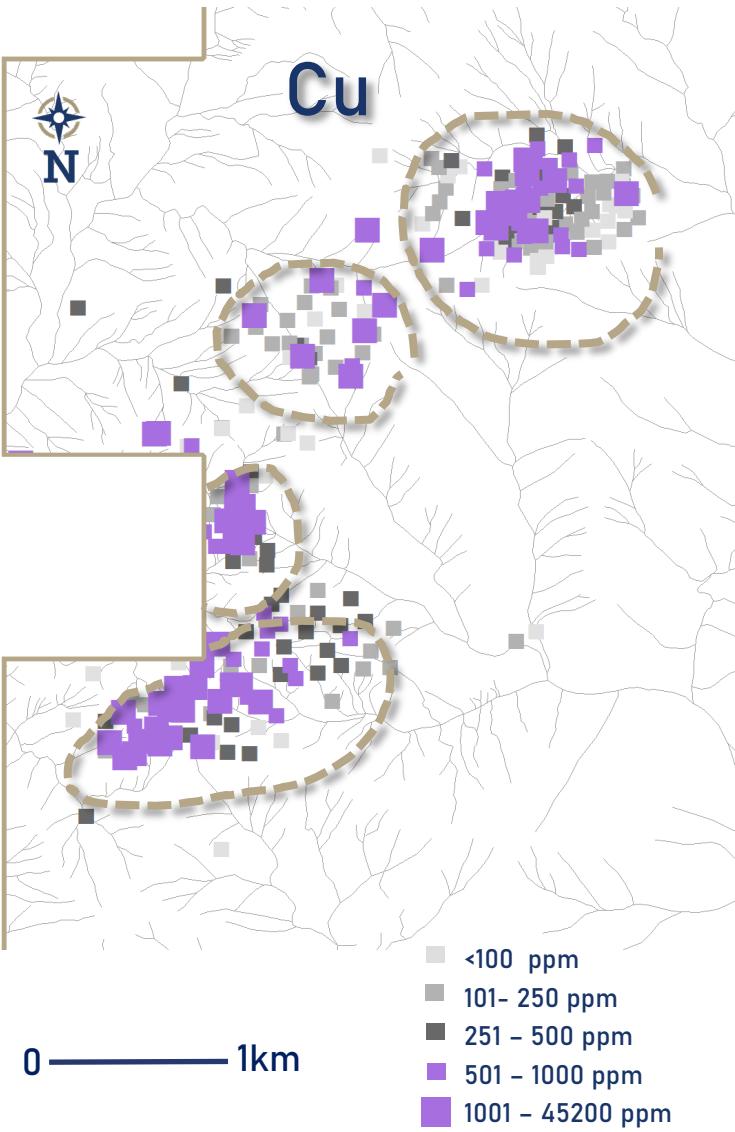
Pb



0 — 1km

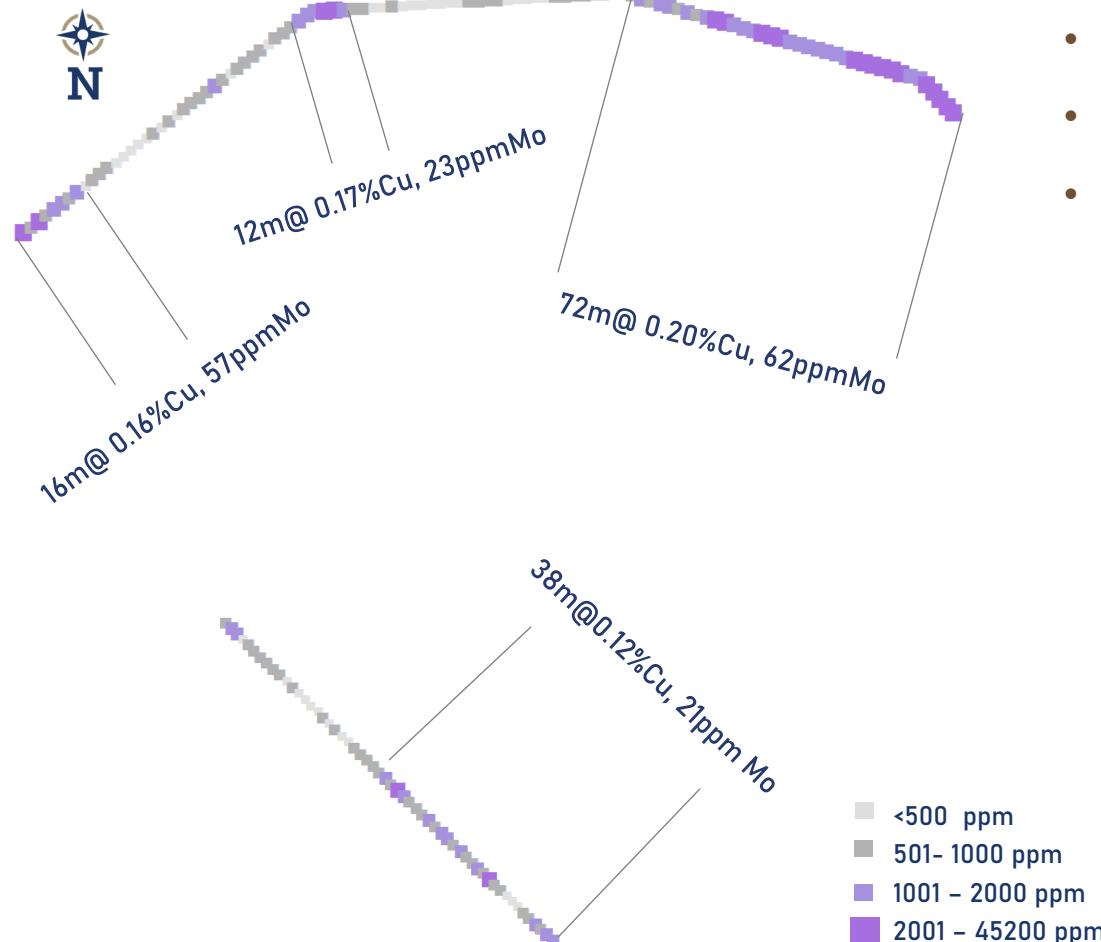
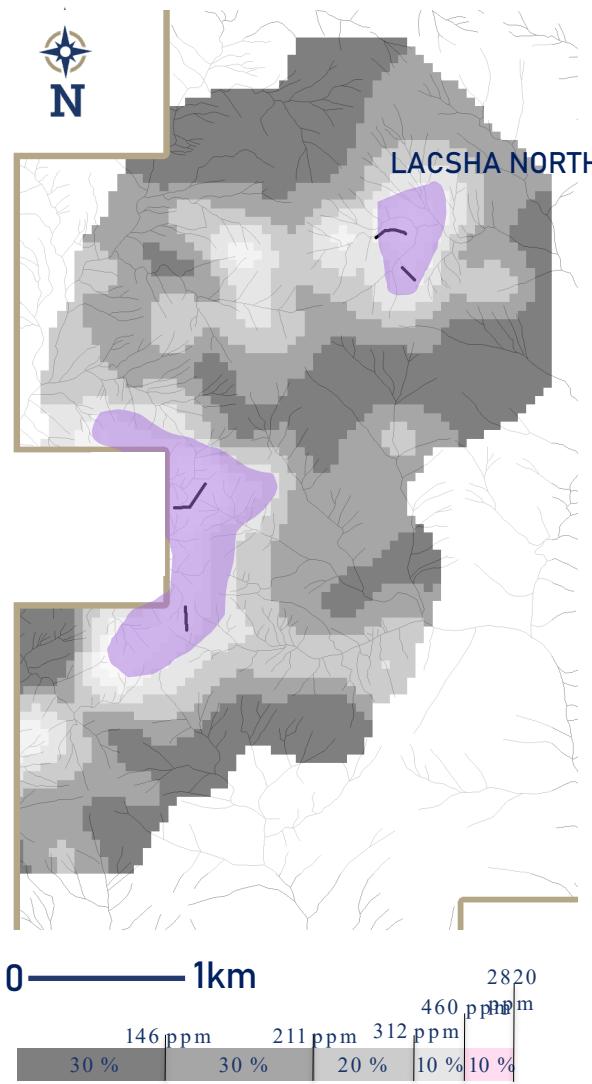


# Rock Sampling



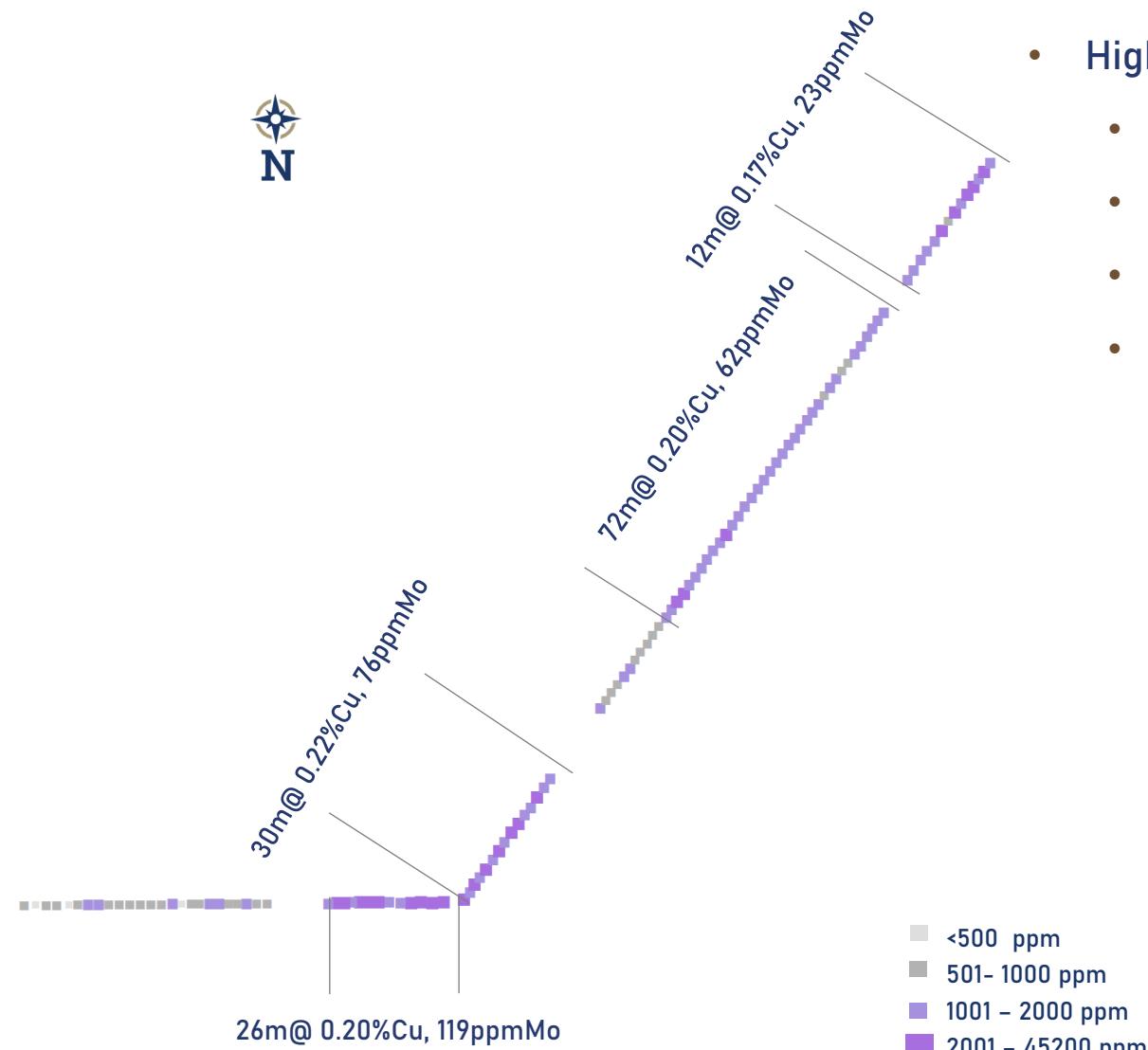
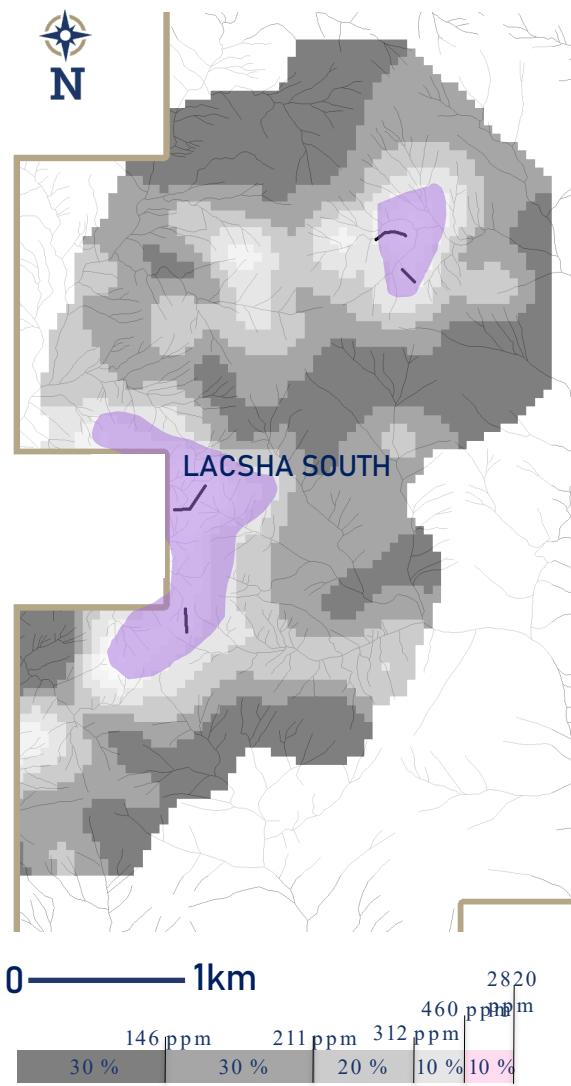
- 259 samples were collected in the survey.
- Talus anomaly confirmed.
- New areas identified :
  - Lacsha North 1 km x 1 km zone.
  - Lacsha South 0.5 km x 0.5 km zone.
  - Lacsha Central 0.8 km x 0.8 km zone
  - Lacsha Southwest 1.5 km x 0.8 km zone.

# Channel Sampling Lacsha North



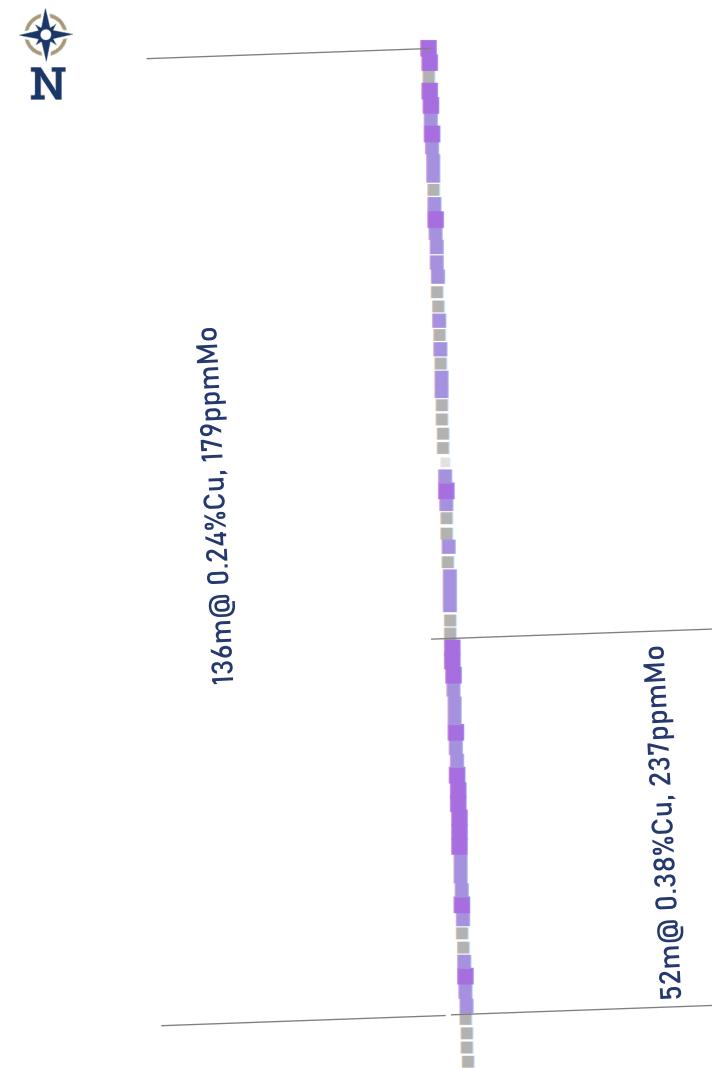
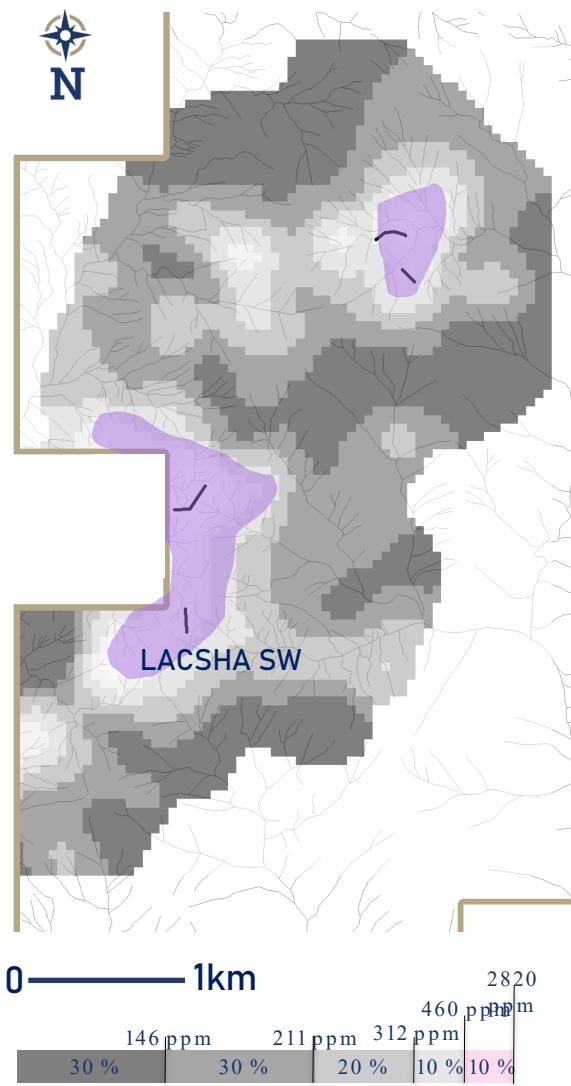
- Highlights:
  - 38m @ 0.12% Cu, 21ppm Mo
  - 16m @ 0.16% Cu, 57ppm Mo
  - 12m @ 0.17% Cu, 23ppm Mo
  - 72m @ 0.20% Cu, 62ppm Mo

# Channel Sampling Lacsha South



- **Highlights:**
  - 28m @ 0.17% Cu, 44ppm Mo
  - 74m @ 0.14%Cu, 47ppm Mo
  - 26m @ 0.20% Cu, 119ppm Mo
  - 30m @ 0.22% Cu, 76ppm Mo

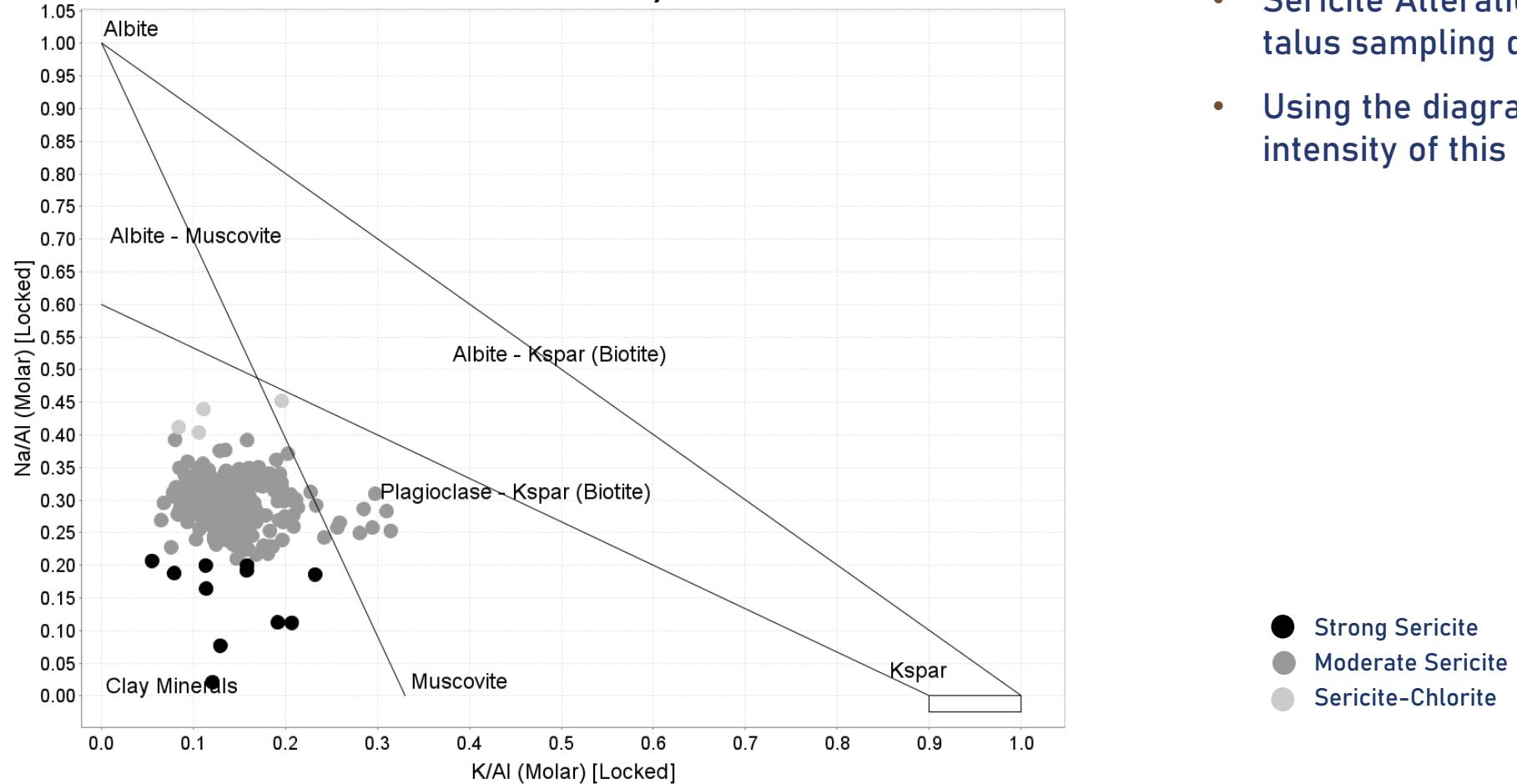
# Channel Sampling Lacsha Southwest



- **Highlights:**
  - 136m @ 0.24% Cu, 179ppm Mo
  - Incl. 52m @ 0.38% Cu, 237ppm Mo

# Alteration in Talus Survey

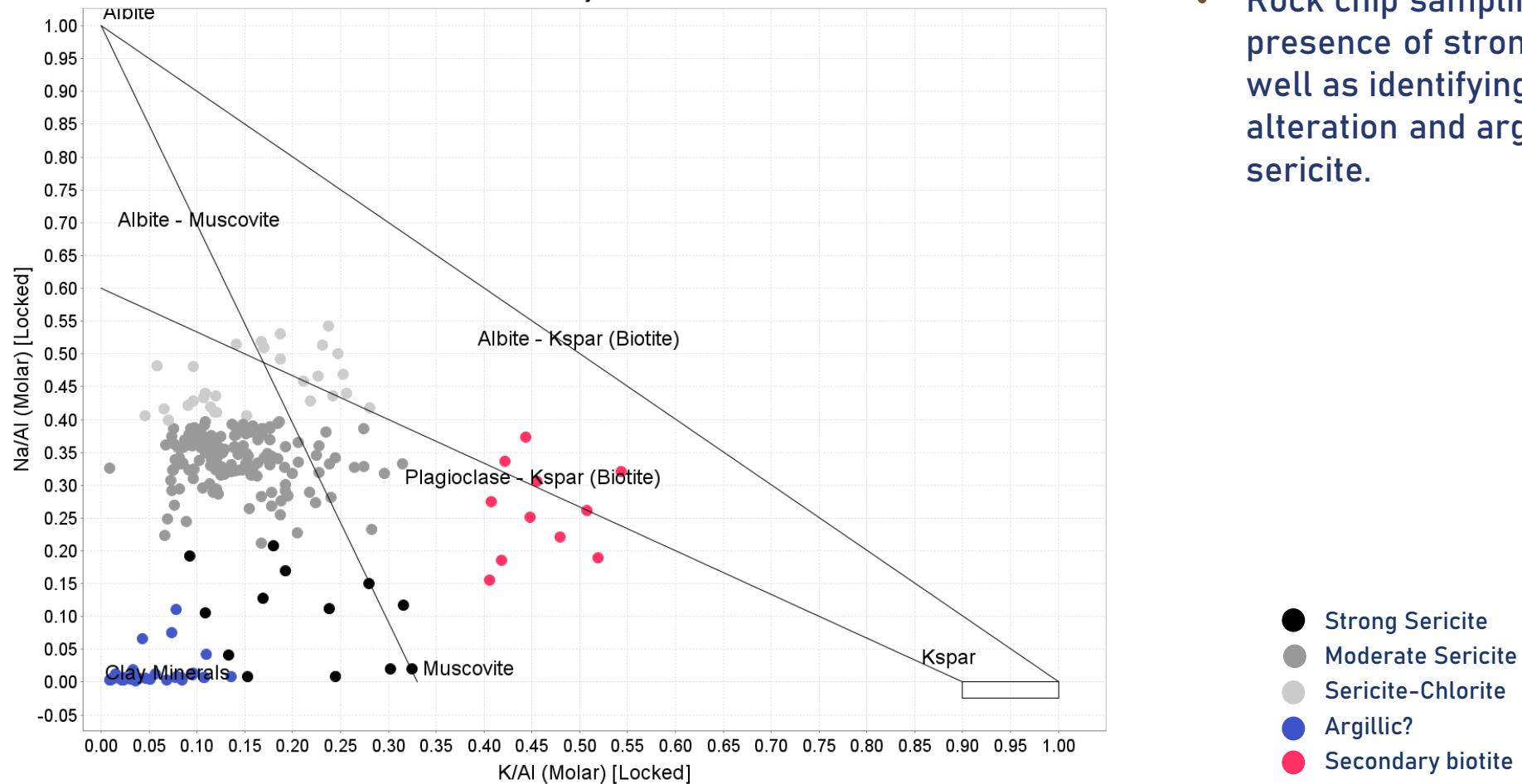
Na/Al vs K/Al Molar Ratio Diagram (modified from Davies & Whitehead 2006)



- Sericite Alteration is the most important in the talus sampling database
- Using the diagram zones with major to lower intensity of this alteration can be identified

# Alteration in Rock Chips

Na/Al vs K/Al Molar Ratio Diagram (modified from Davies & Whitehead 2006)



- Rock chip sampling data confirms the presence of strong to moderate sericite as well as identifying zones with potassic alteration and argillic zones , probably after sericite.



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# Lithology



Super Unit Paccho

Tonalite

Granodiorite

Granite



Post Coastal Batholith Mineralization Event

Porphyry Diorite

Porphyry Dacite to Rhyodacite



Post Mineralization event  
Andesitic dike



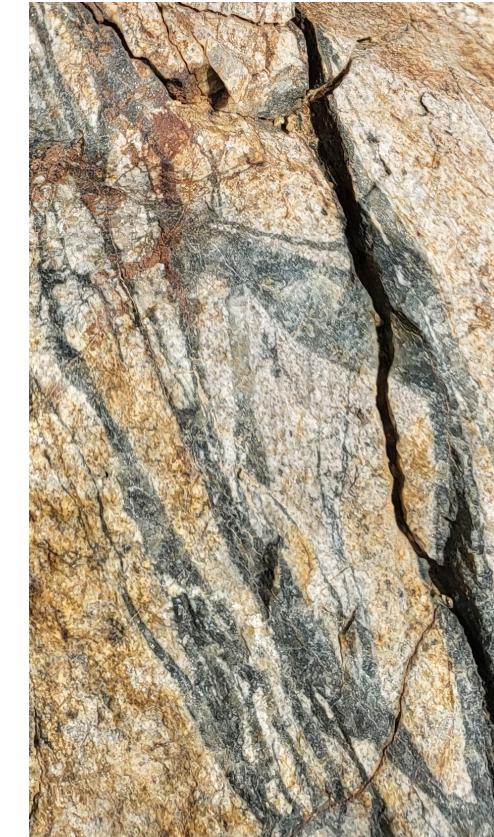
Rhyolitic dike



Type C  
Oxidized, hosted in the granodiorite,  
kilometrical expression around zones with copper oxides



Type A  
Tabular  
focused in the porphyritic rocks



Type B  
Sinuous  
focused in the porphyritic rocks

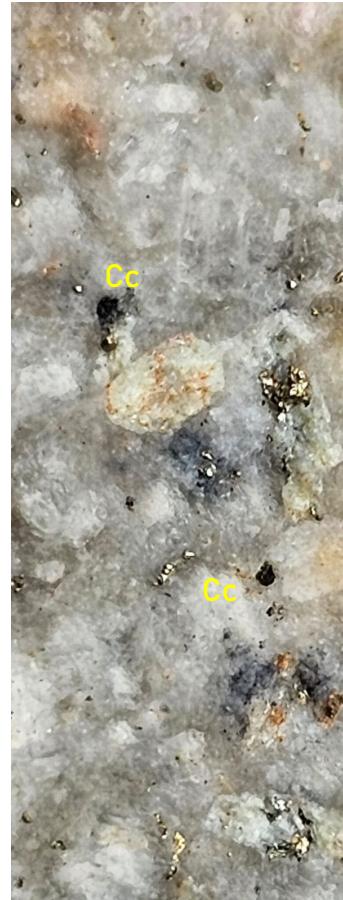


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# Mineralization



Oxides  
Copper mineralization hosted in the granodiorite country rock

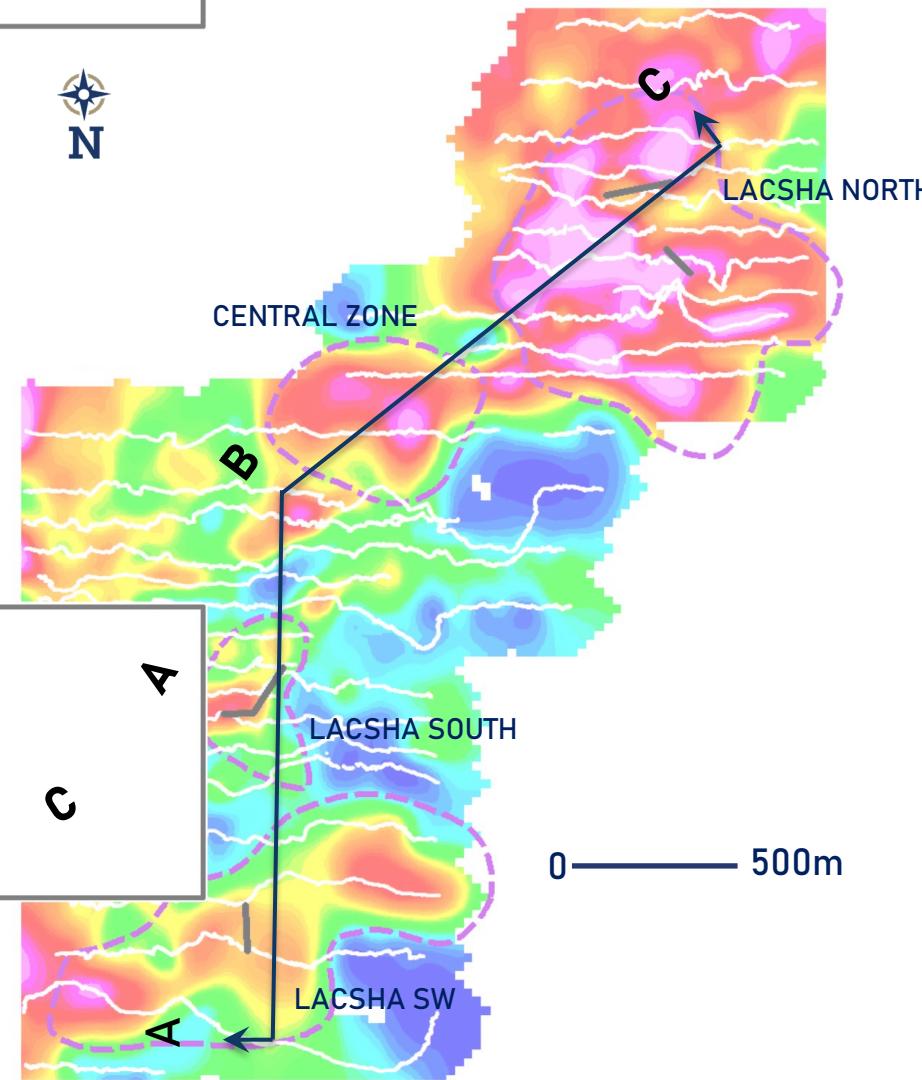


Secondary Mineralization  
Chalcolite replacing Chalcocite  
in porphyritic rocks

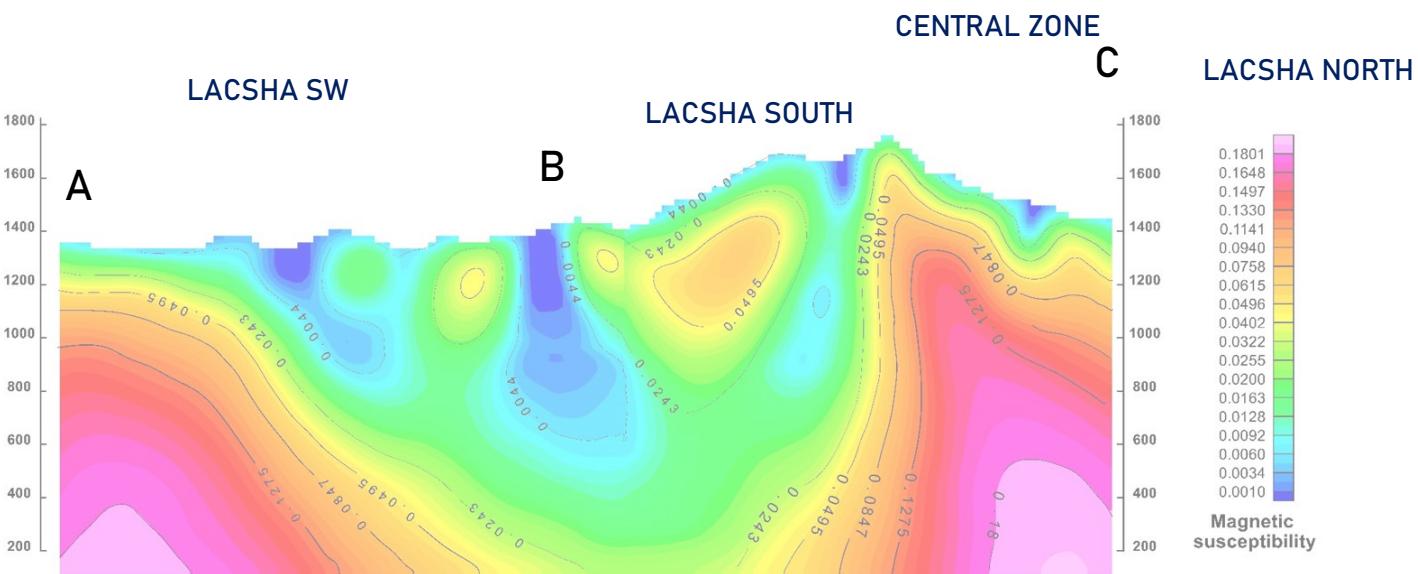


Primary Mineralization  
Chalcocite in porphyritic rocks

# Ground Magnetic Survey

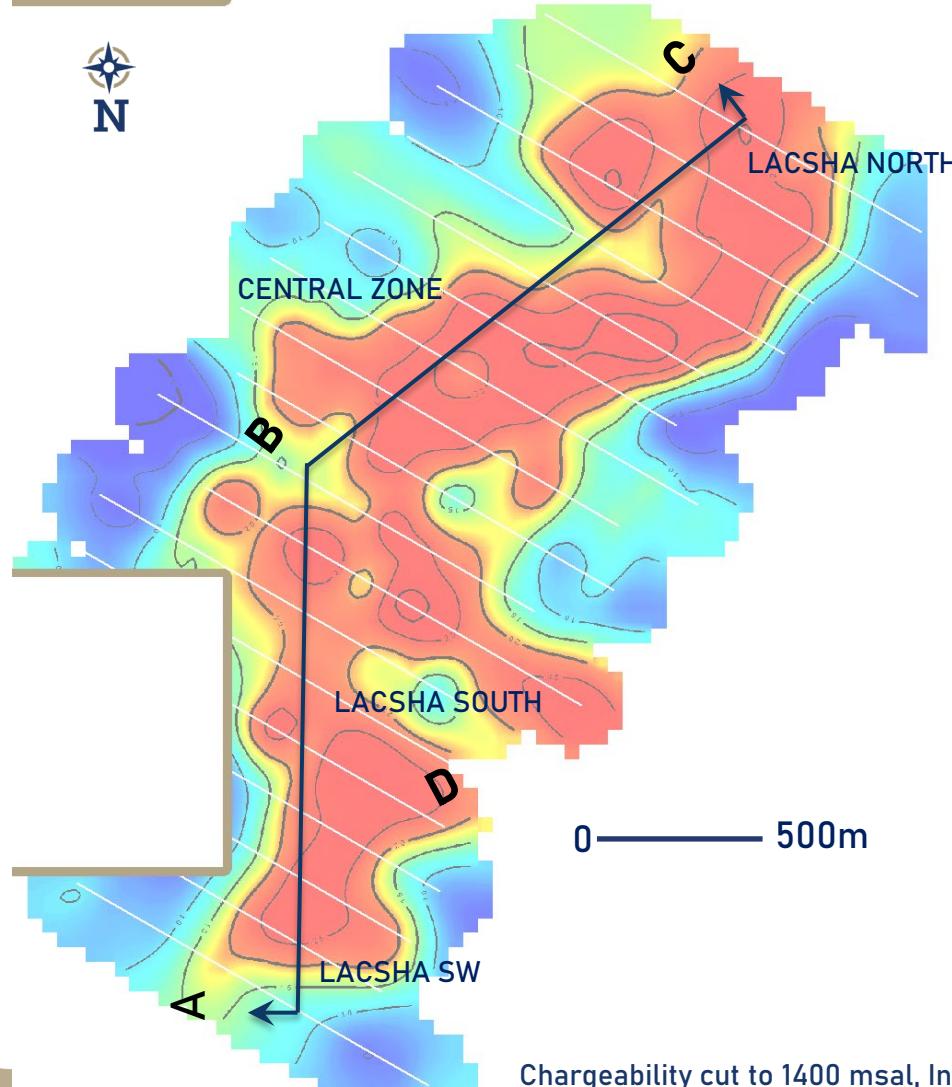


- 28 lines were surveyed, east-west direction
- Line-spacing 200m to 100m

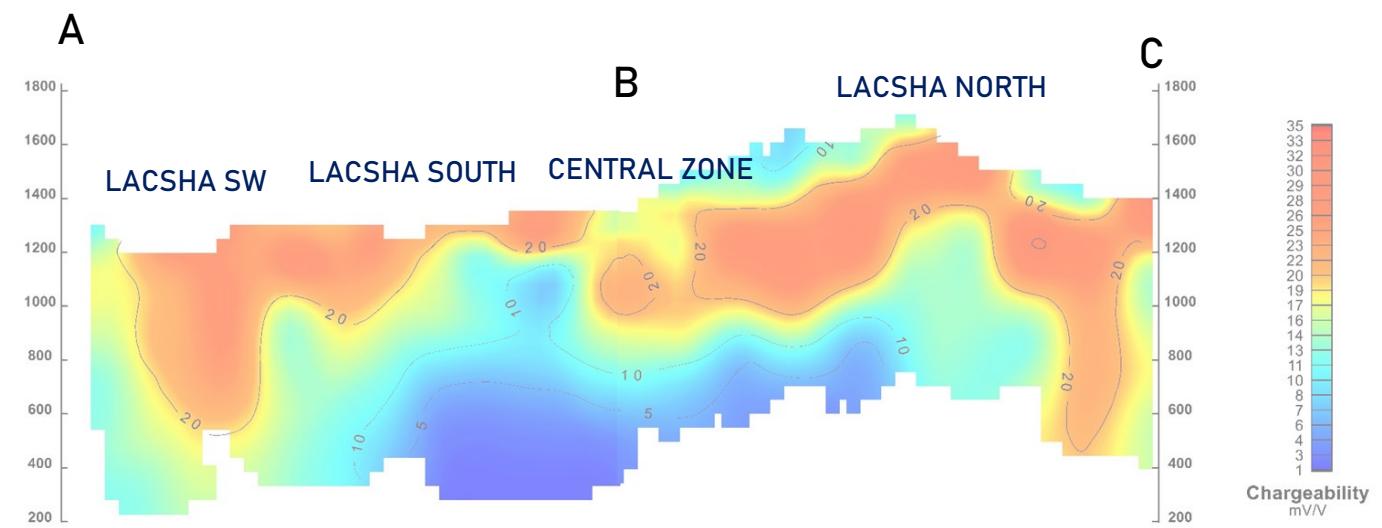


Reduce to Pole , Ground MAG, Inversion model by Zissou

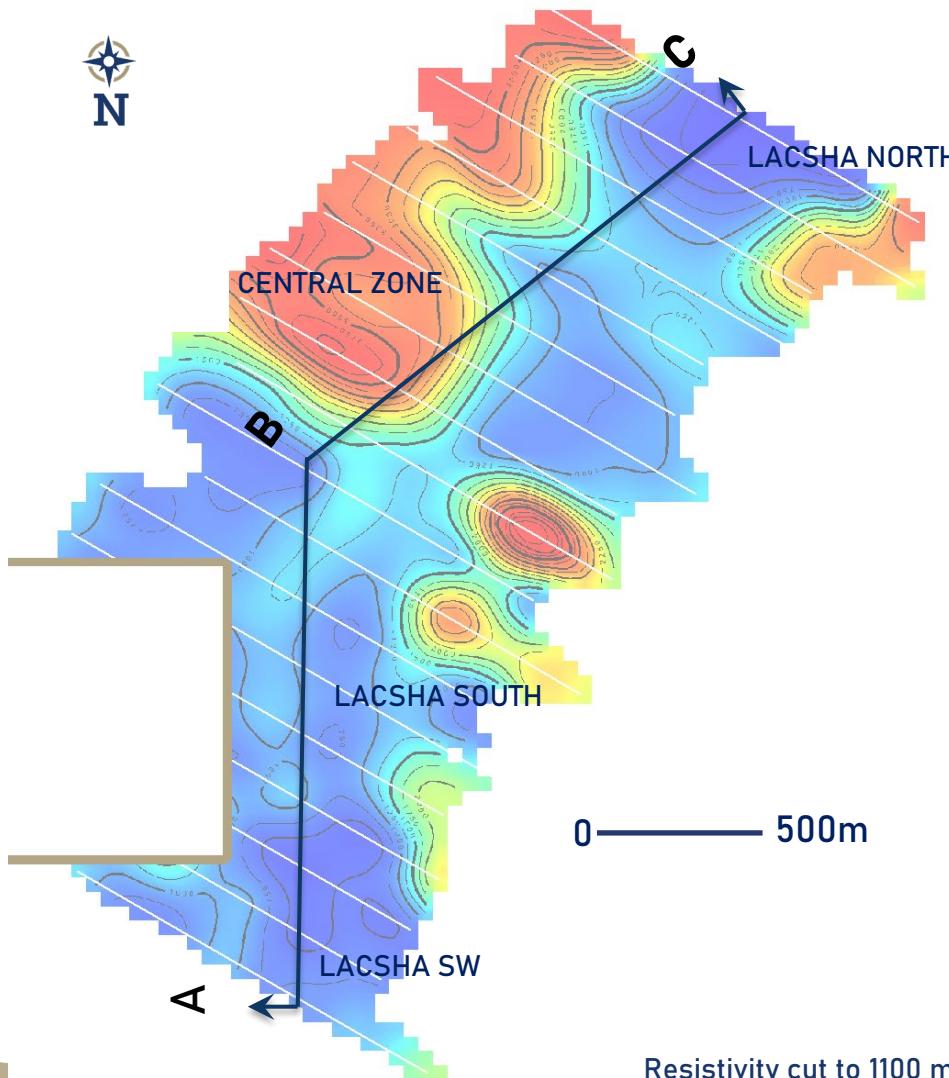




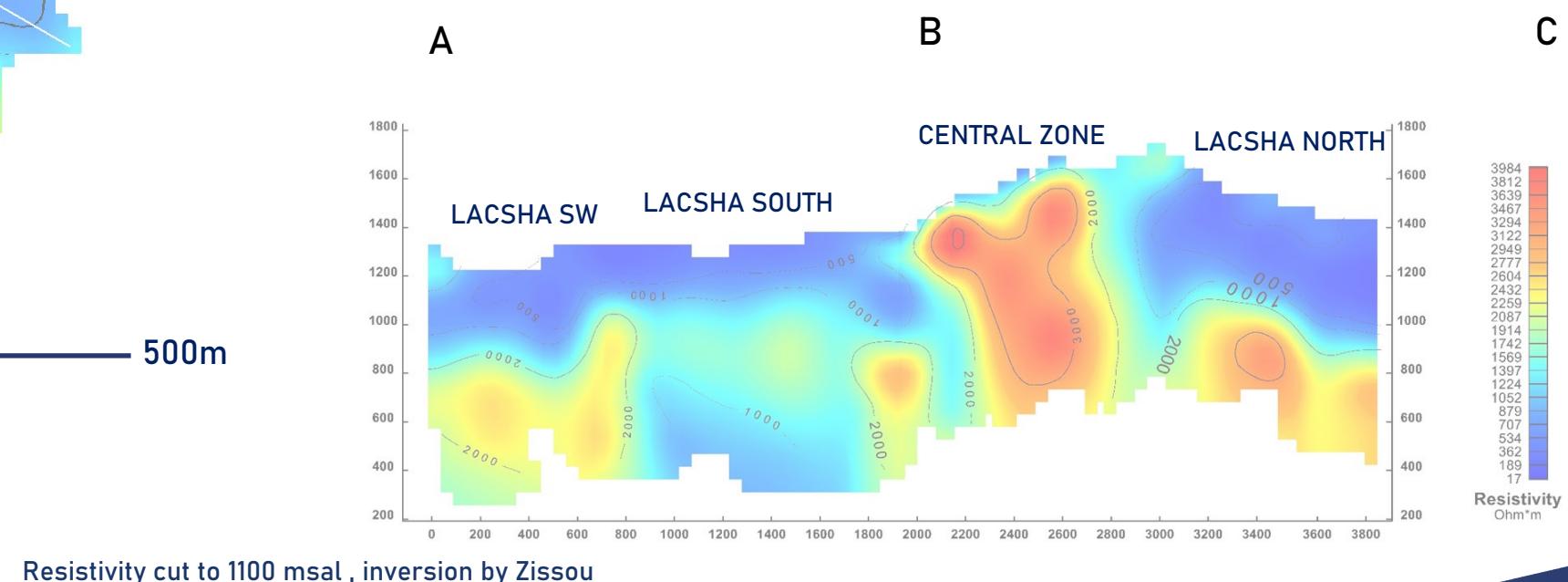
- 18 lines were surveyed, northwest-southeast direction
- Very significant anomalies with high chargeability in the principal areas of exploration
- Correlating well with surface geochemistry.



# IP Resistivity



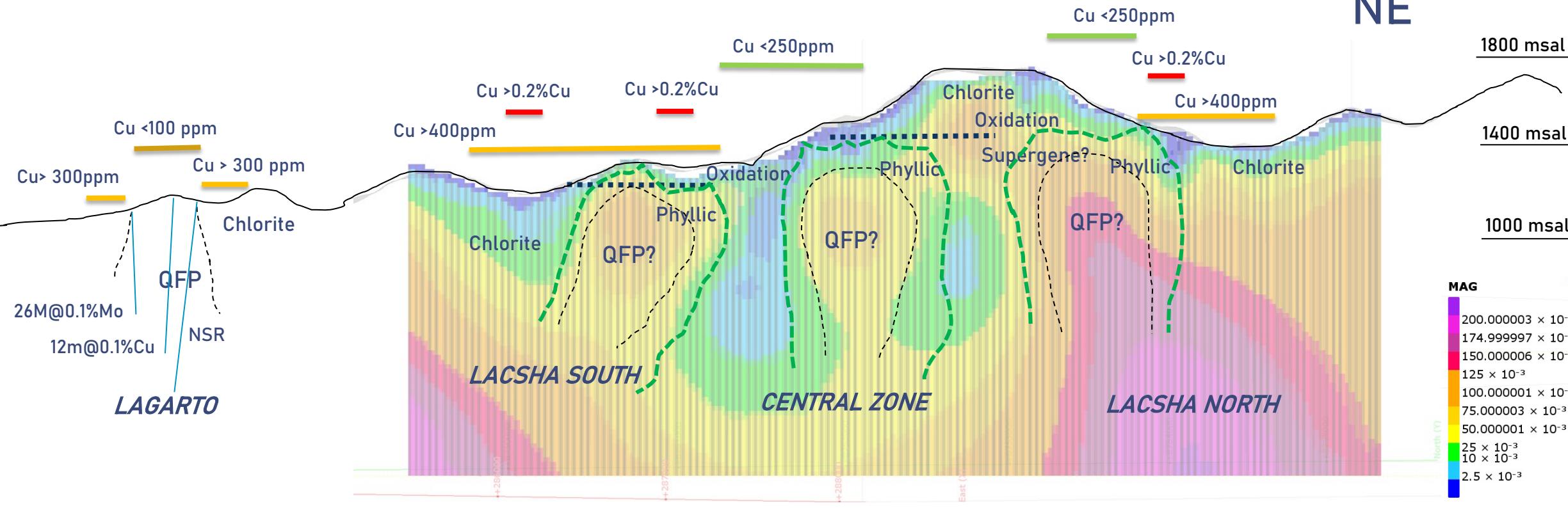
- 18 lines were surveyed, northwest-southeast direction
- Faults imaged with strong contrasts



# Magnetic Interpretation

SW

NE



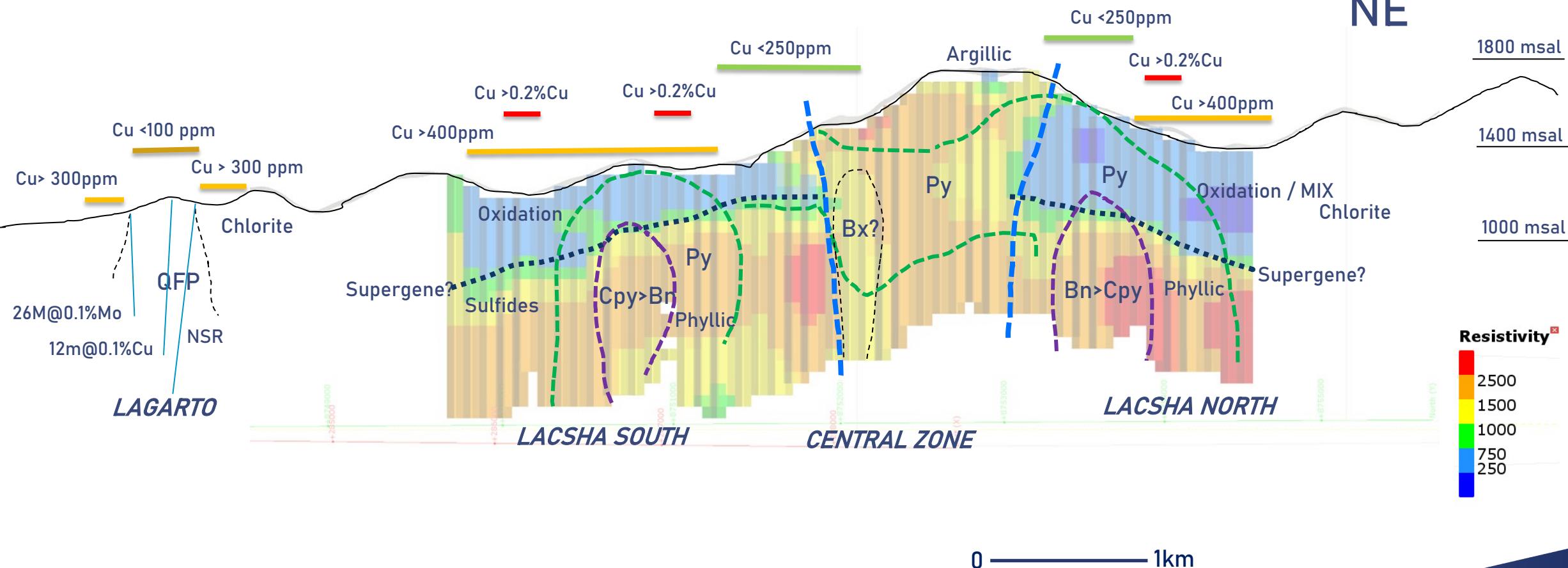
Lagarto area has historical drilling

0 ————— 1km

# Resistivity Interpretation

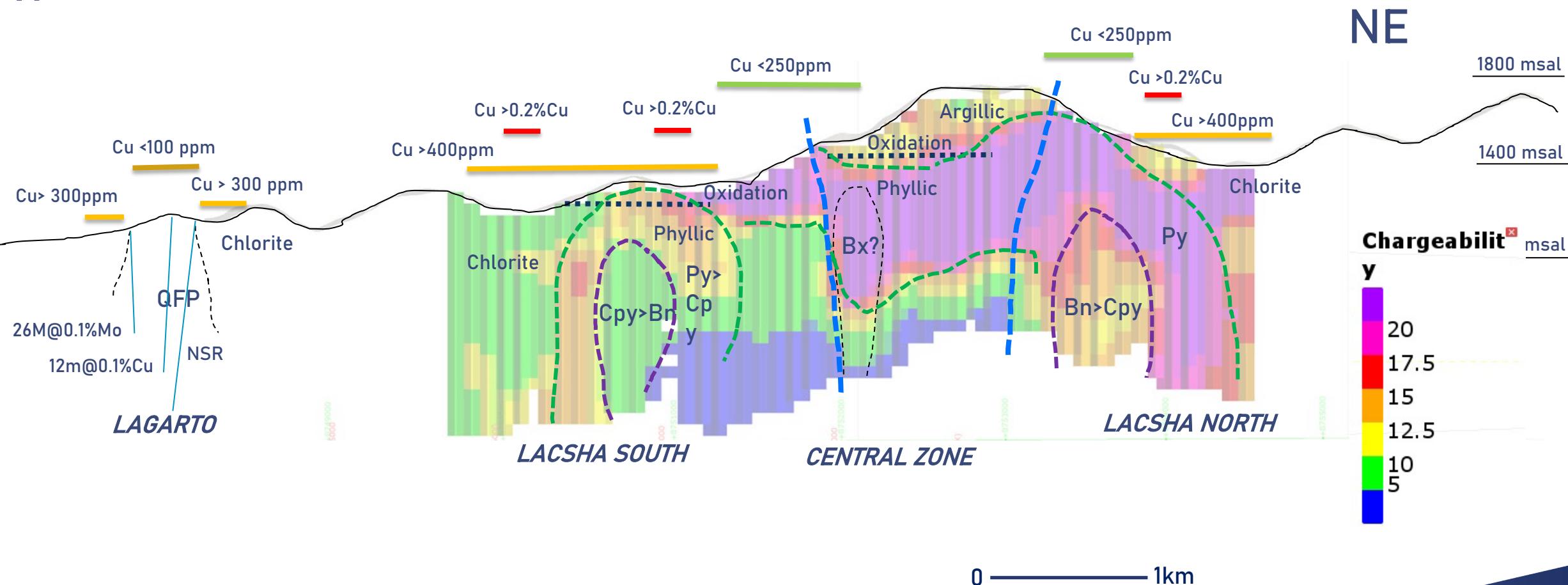
SW

NE

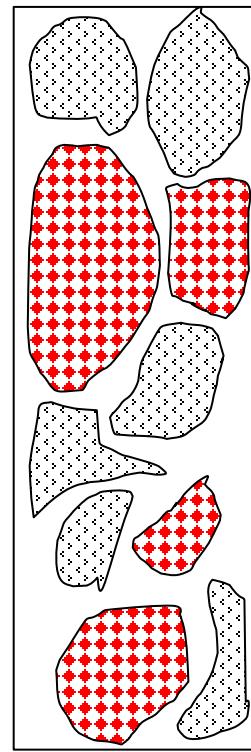
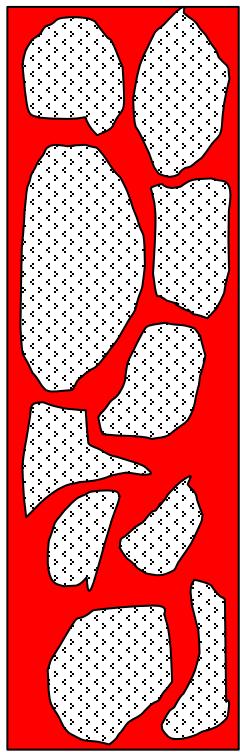


# Chargeability Interpretation

SW



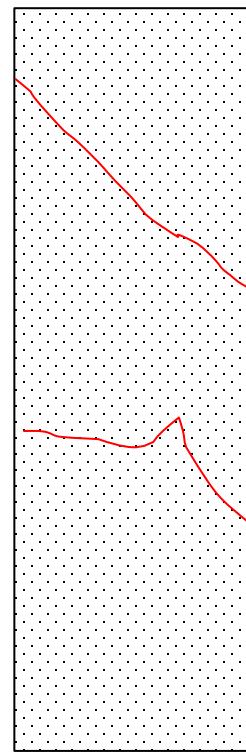
# Mineralization Styles & Target Model



Breccia

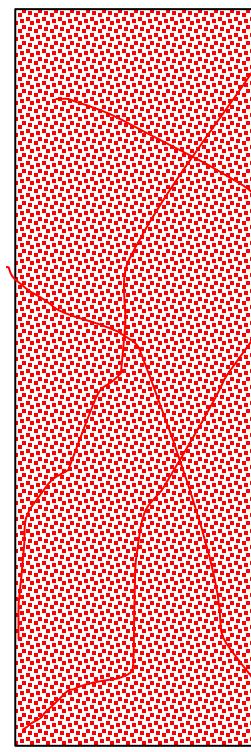
Sulfide Matrix:  
High CHARGABILITY  
(Cu-Fe Content)  
Low MAGNETIC (Strong Alteration).

Clast with disseminated sulfides:  
Moderate CHARGABILITY (disseminated content)  
High MAGNETIC (Moderate Alteration)

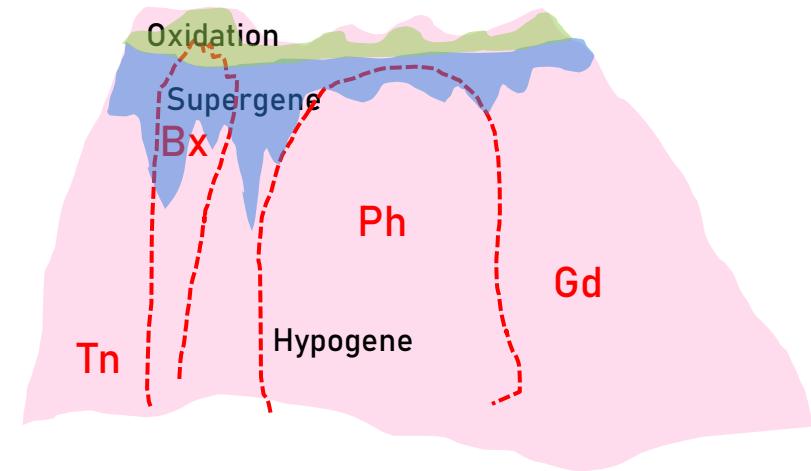


Veinlets & Stockwork

Granodiorite:  
Moderate CHARGABILITY  
High MAGNETIC

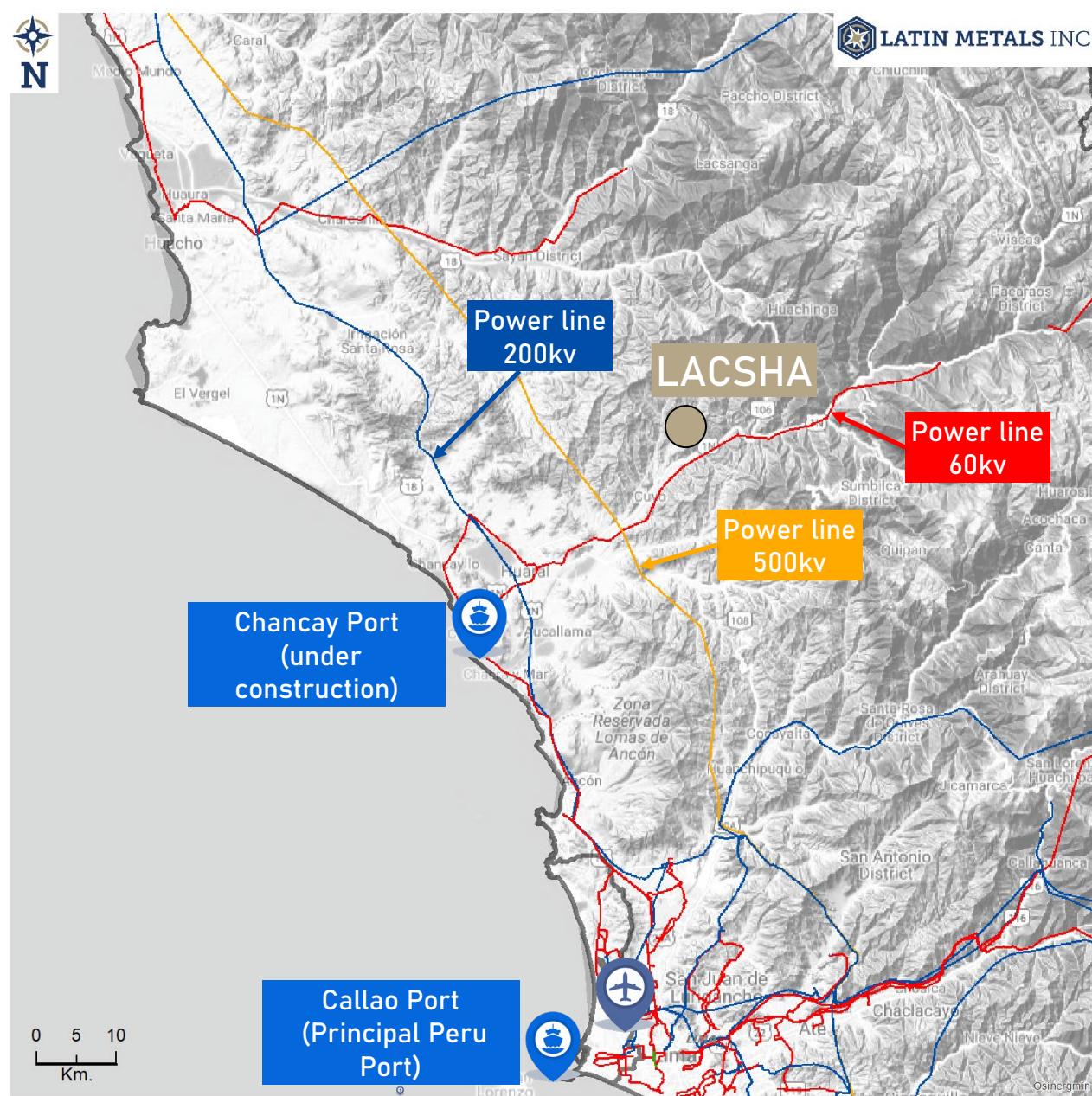


Porphyries:  
Moderate to High CHARGABILITY  
HIGH MAGNETIC



Model

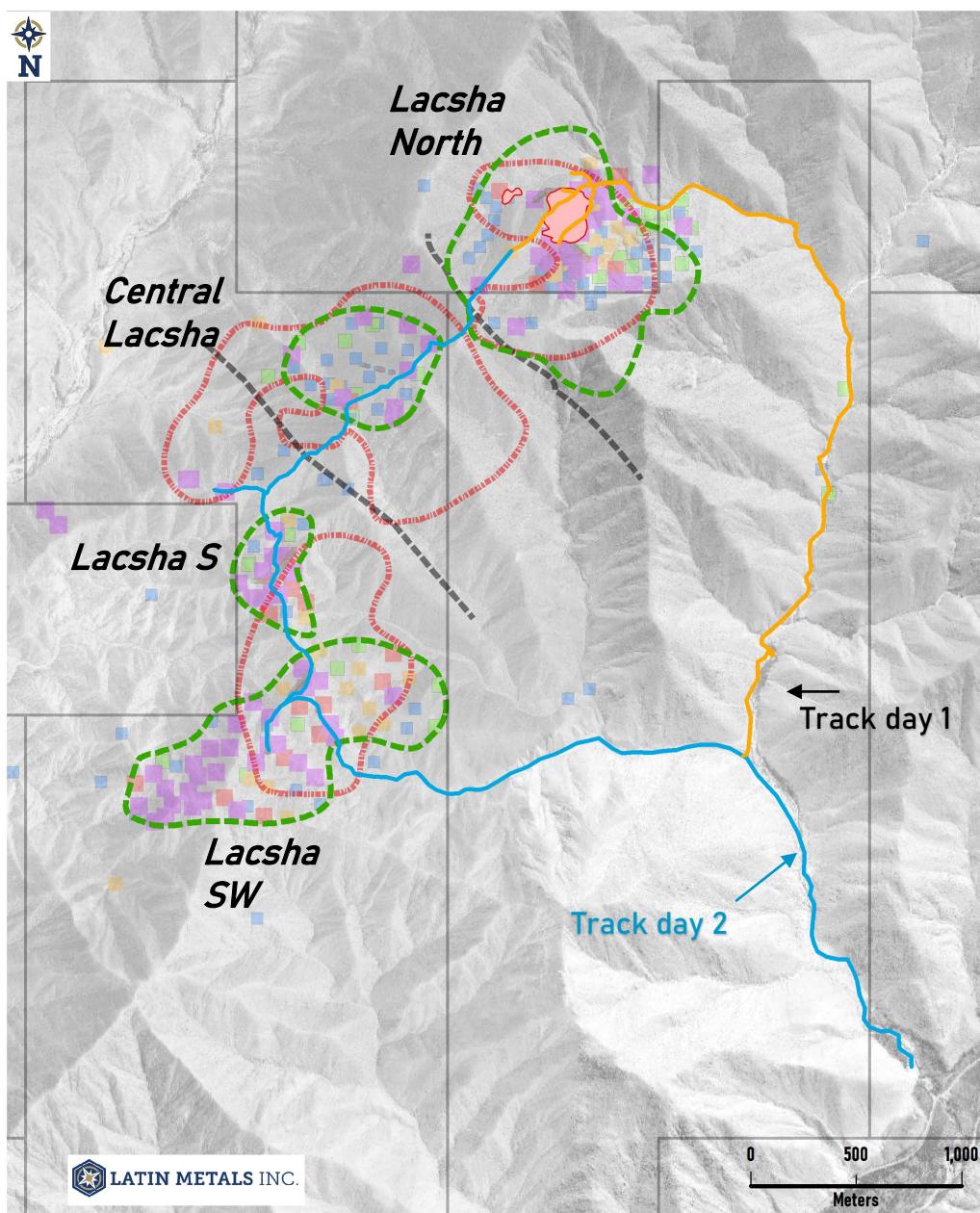
Bx = Breccia  
Ph = Porphyry  
Gd / Tn = Granodiorite / Tonalite



- Favorable location
- 90km north of Lima
- 40km east of the new port of Chancay – 70% complete
- <5km from a 60kv power line and 12km from a 500kv power line



# Field Visit Itinerary



## Day 1

Starting visit from Totoral stream.  
Visiting Lacsha Southwest  
Lacsha South  
Ending in Totoral stream.

## Day 2

Starting in Totoral stream.  
Full day in Lachsa North.  
Ending in Totoral stream.

### Lithology

Porphyritic Dacite With Qz stockwork

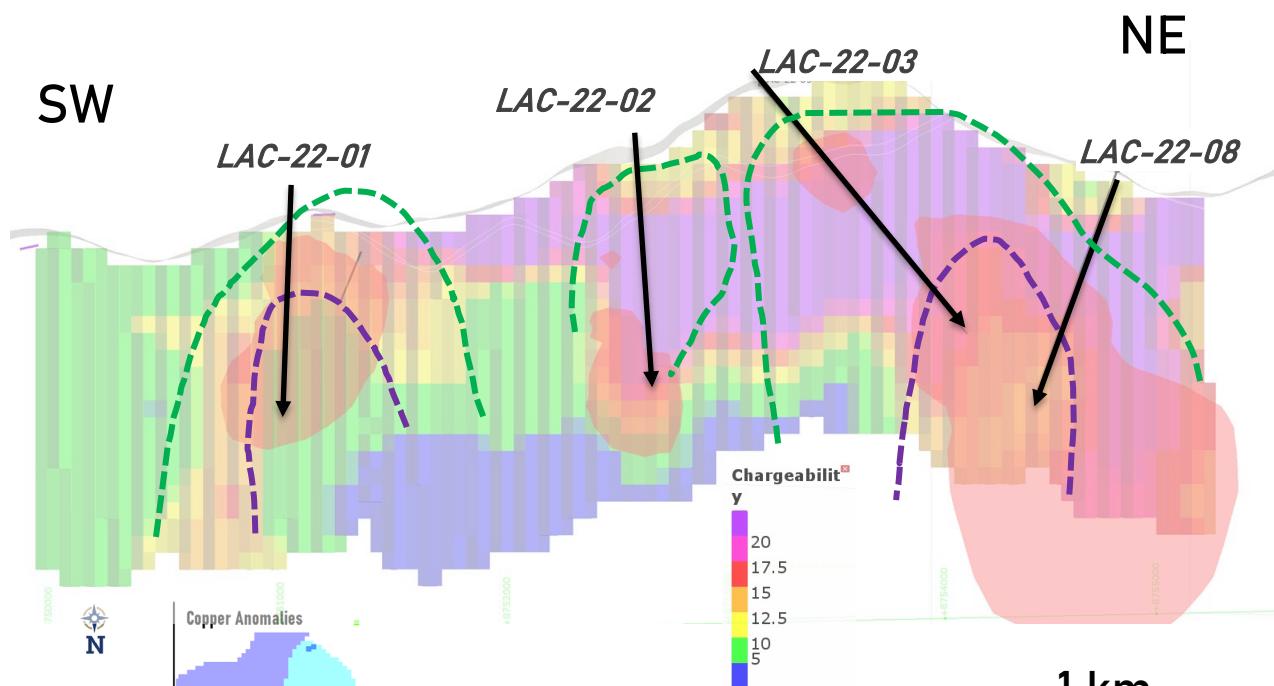
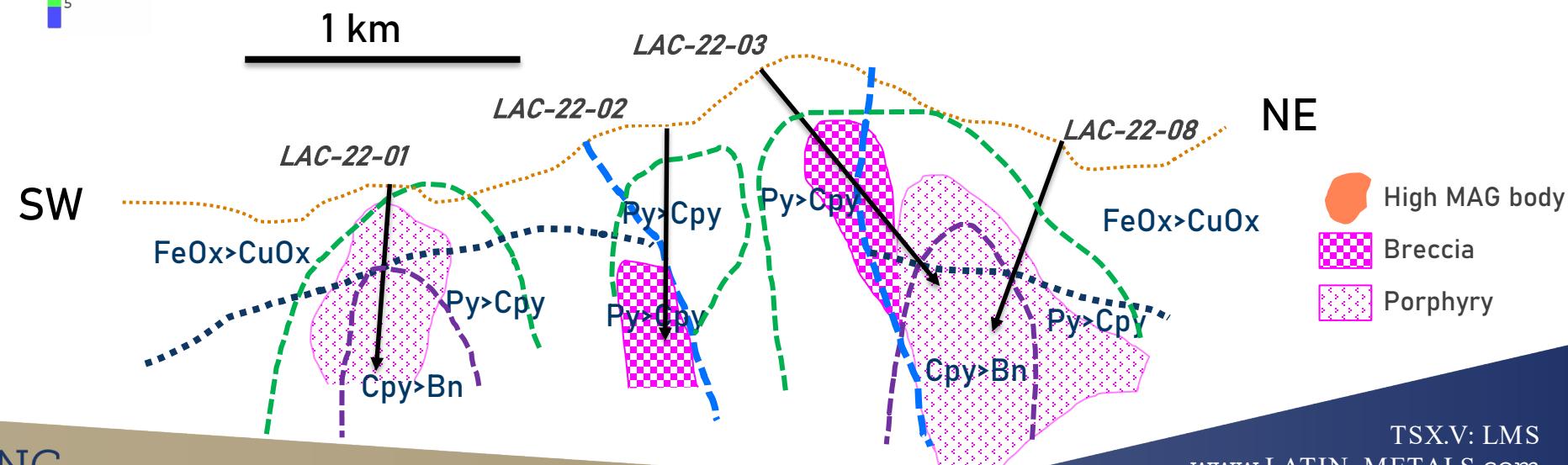
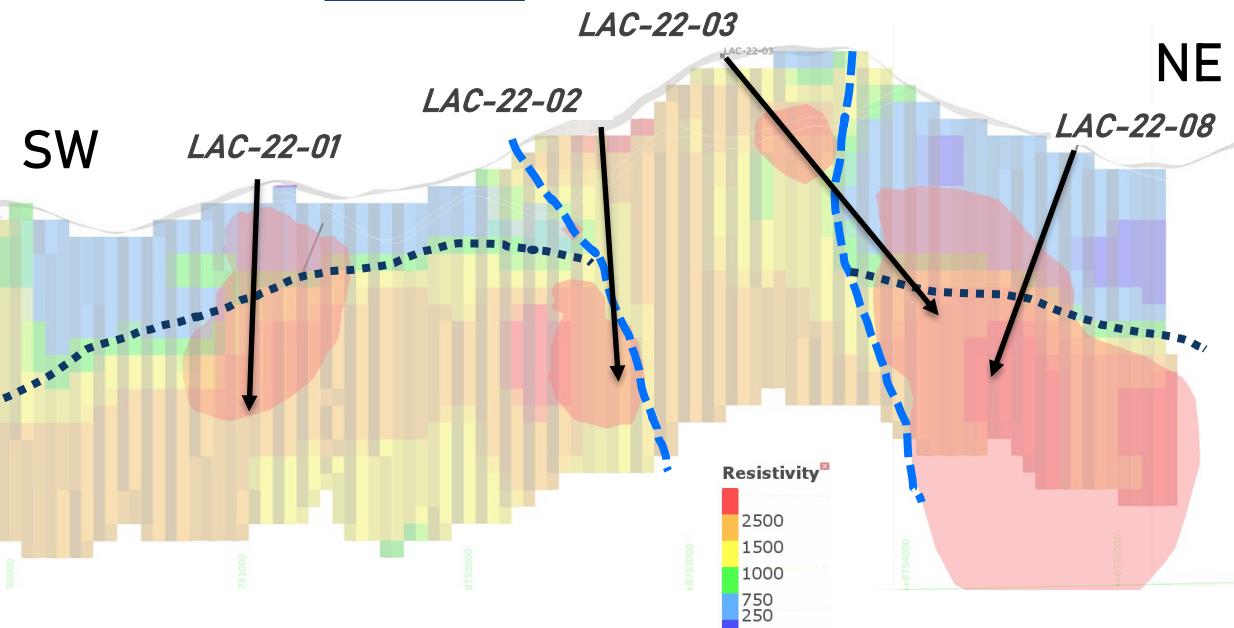
### Geophysics

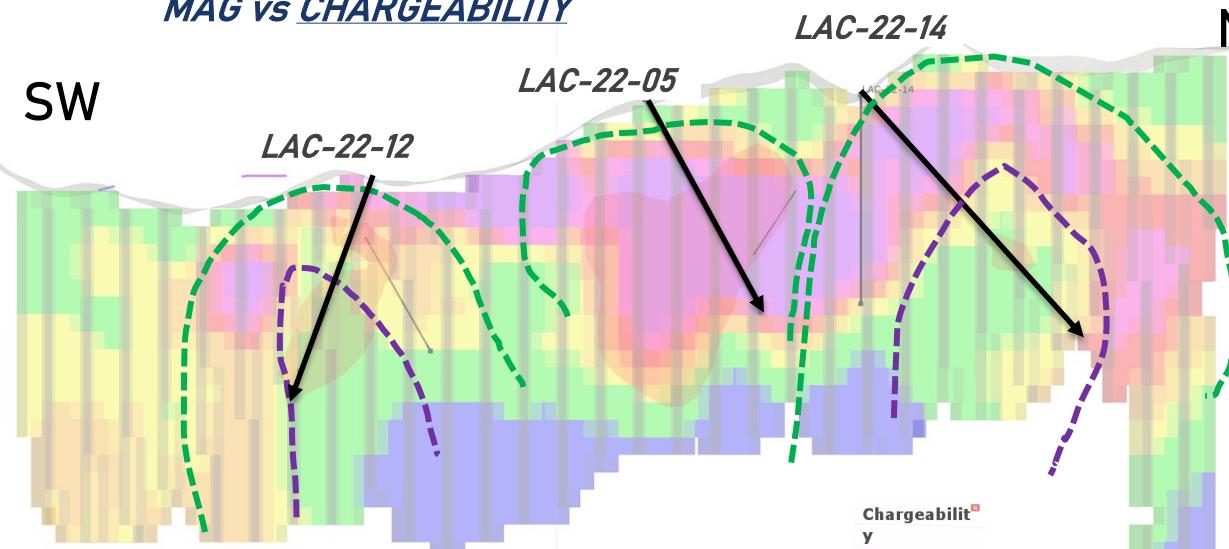
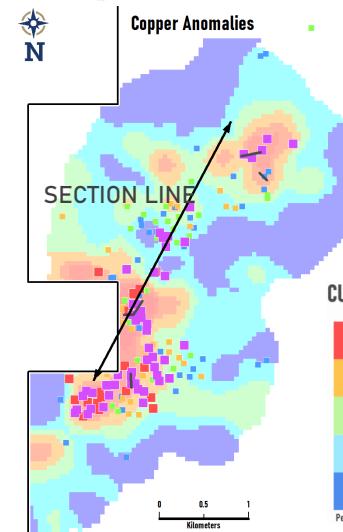
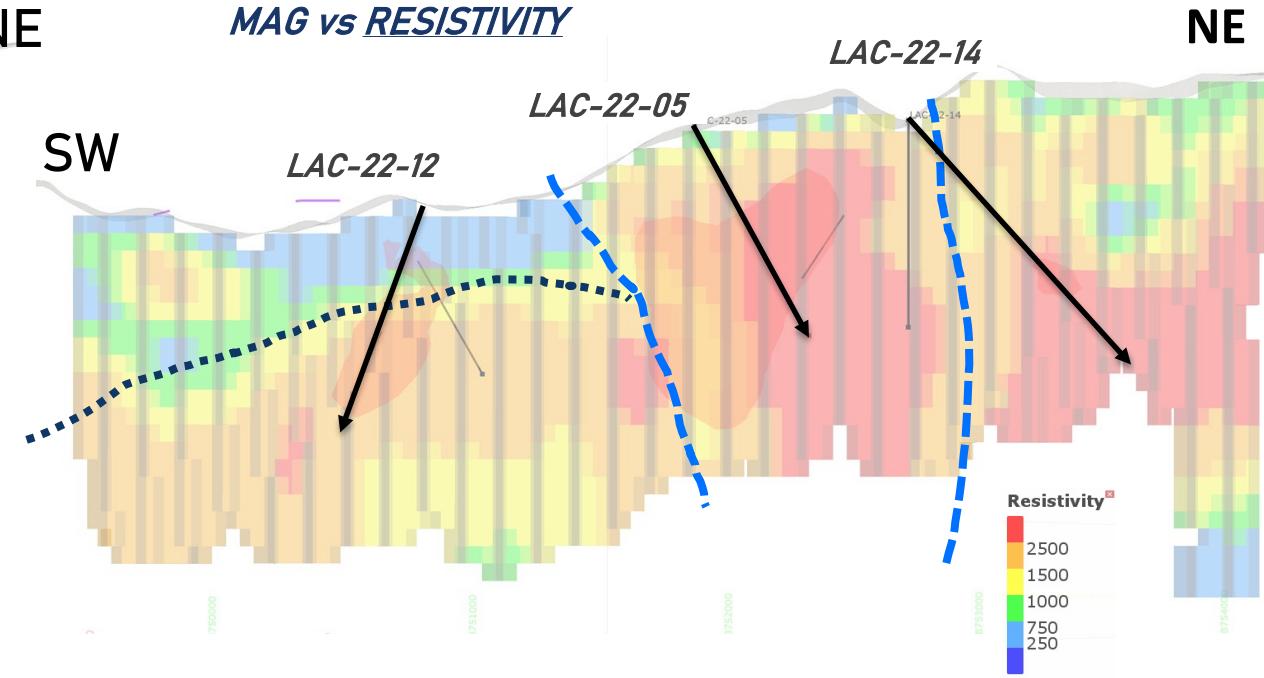
High Chargeability

Resistivity Breaks

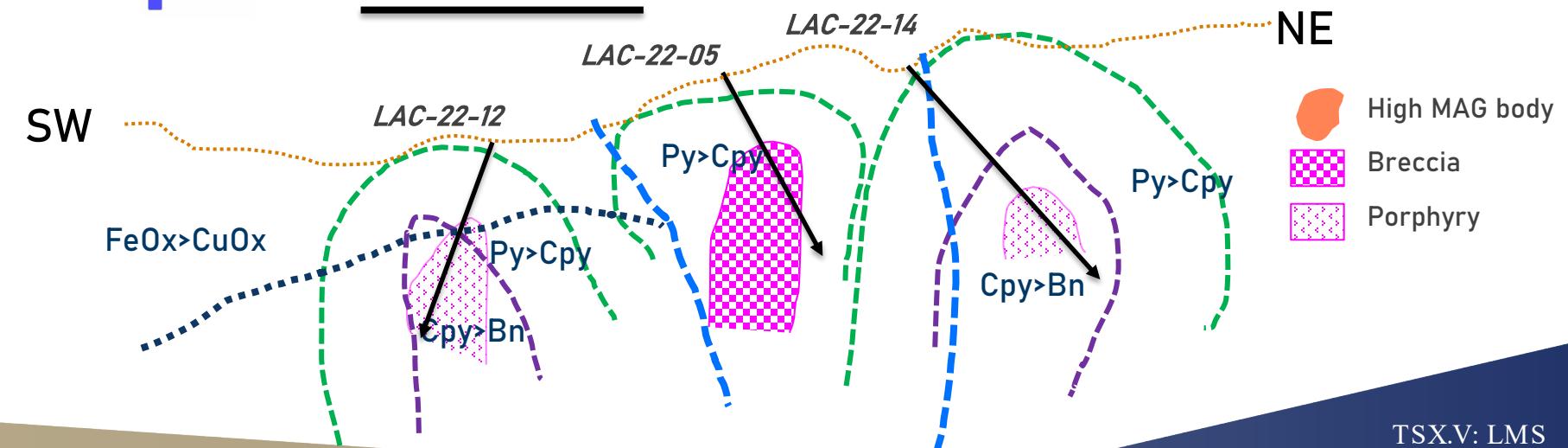
High-Moderate Ground MAG

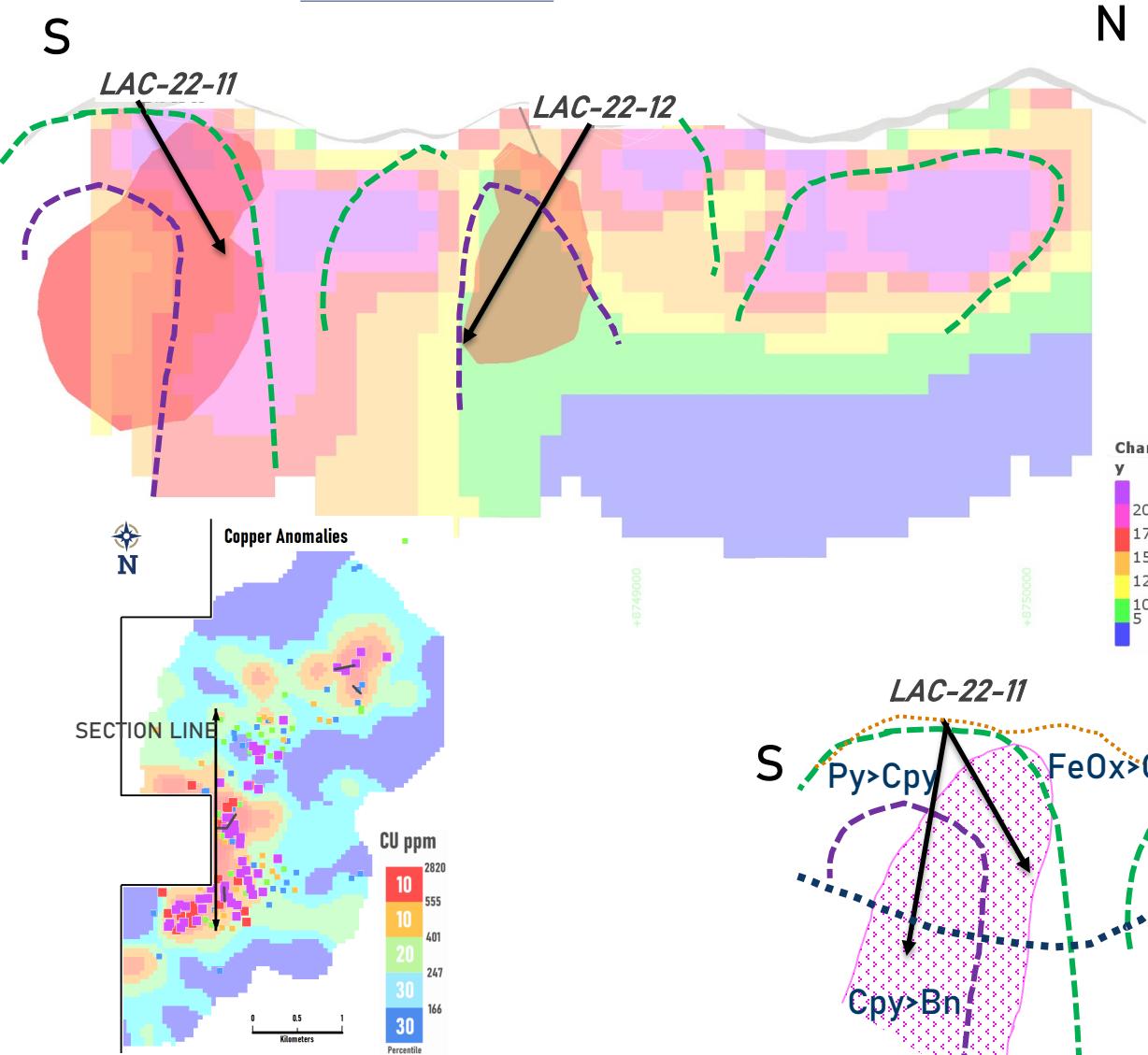
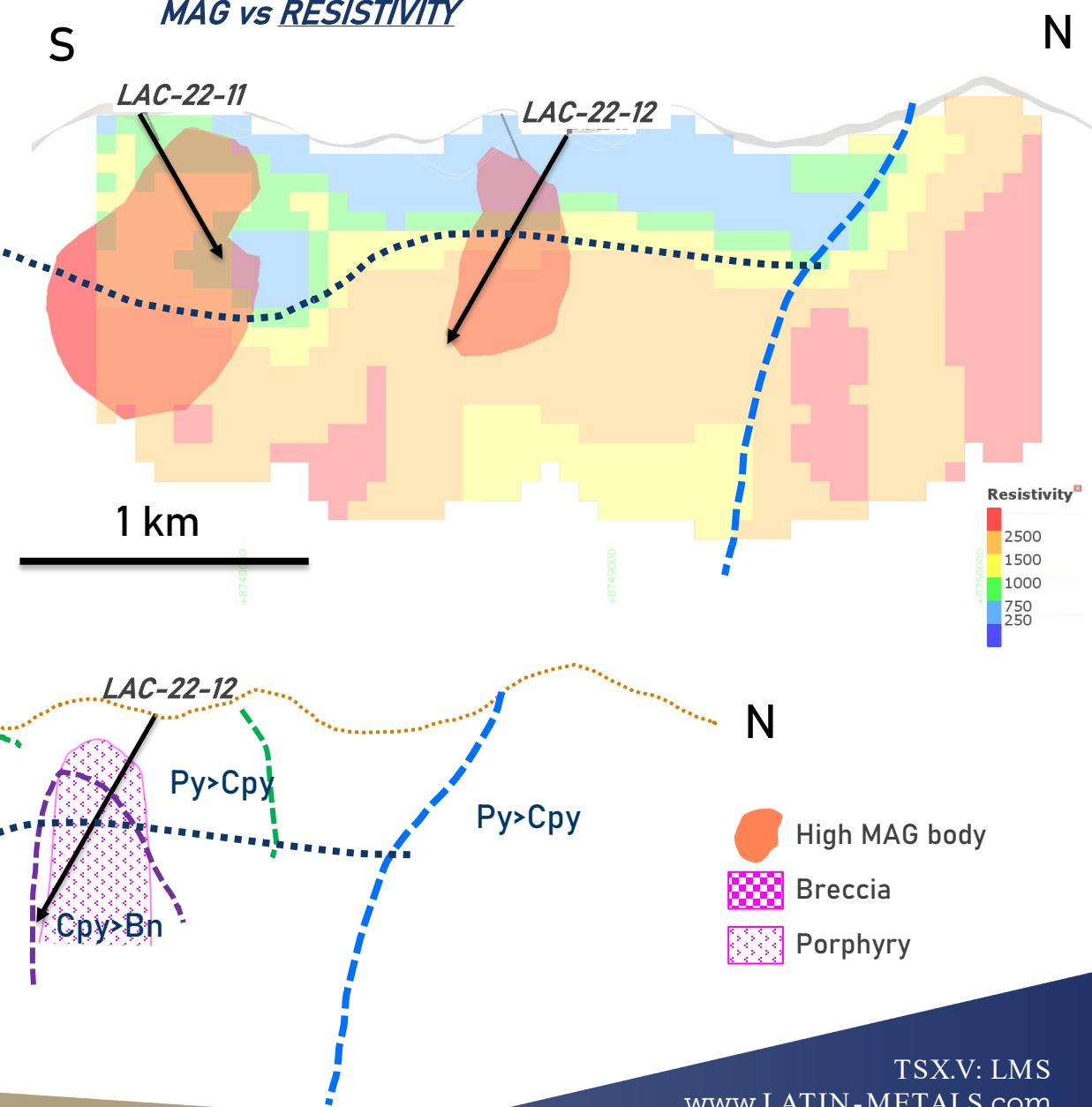
## Appendix – Schematic Sections / Drill Targets

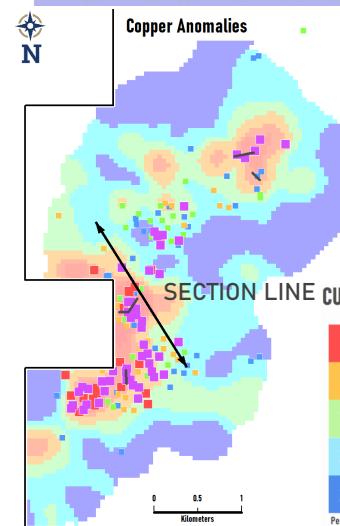
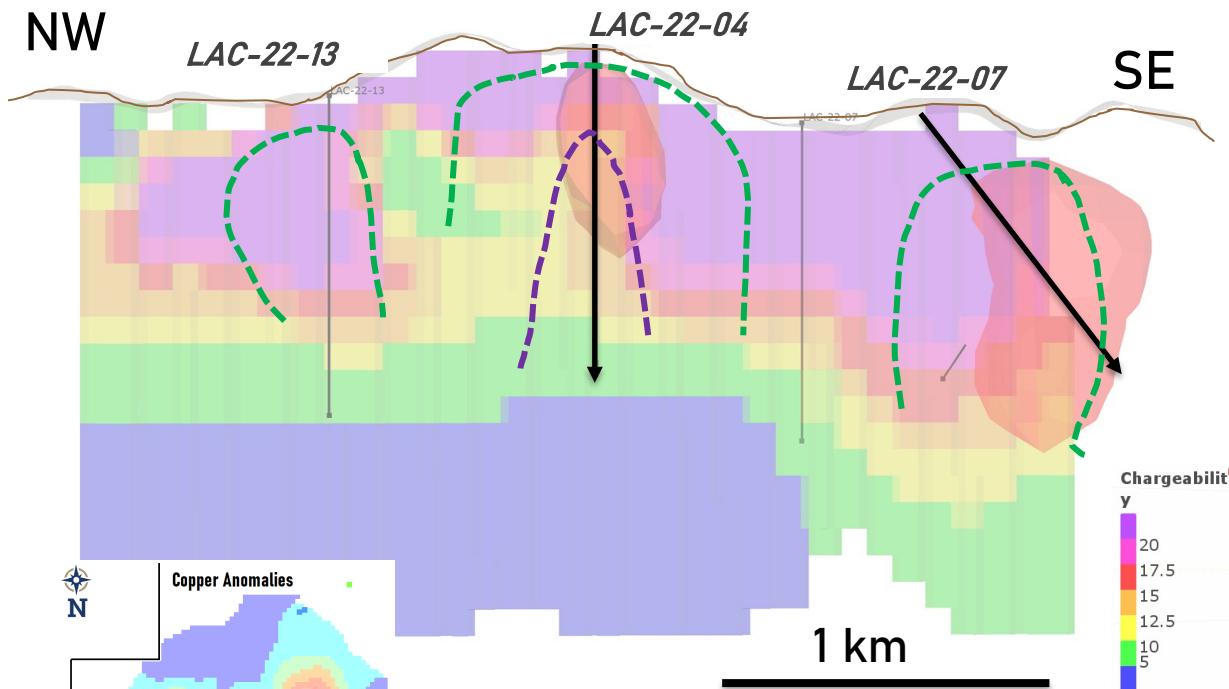
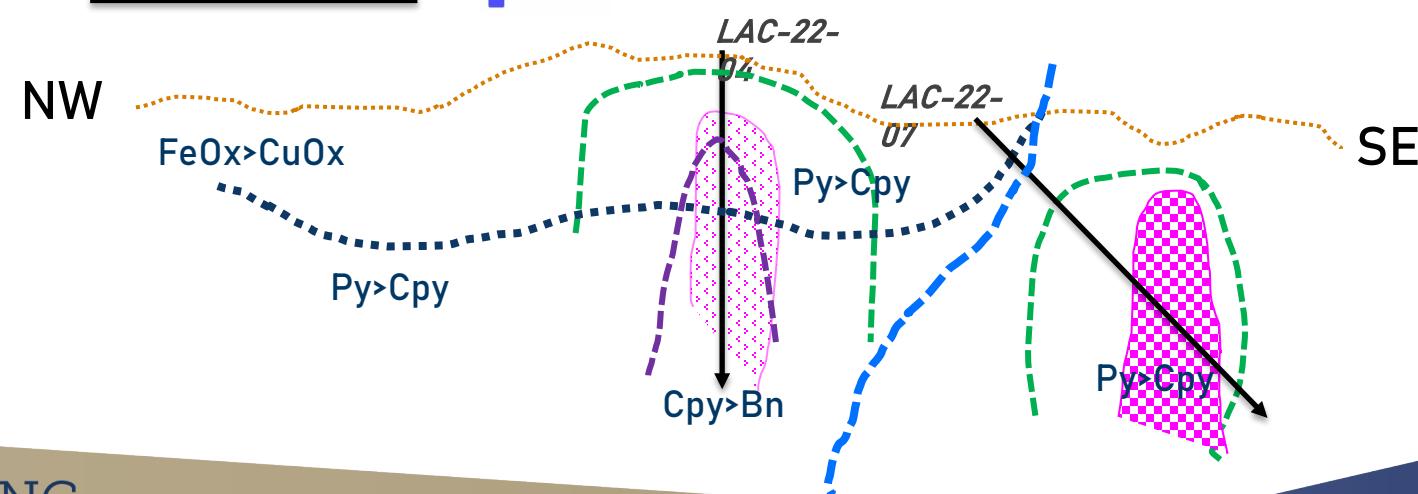
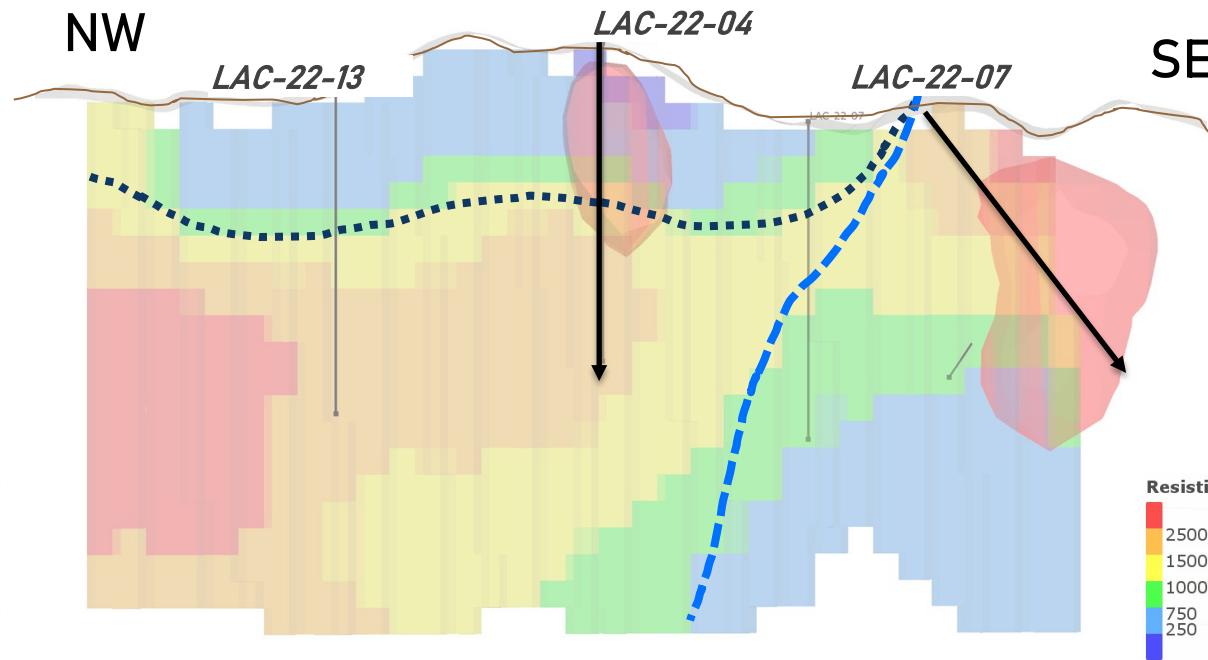
*MAG vs CHARGEABILITY**MAG vs RESISTIVITY*

*MAG vs CHARGEABILITY**MAG vs RESISTIVITY*

1 km

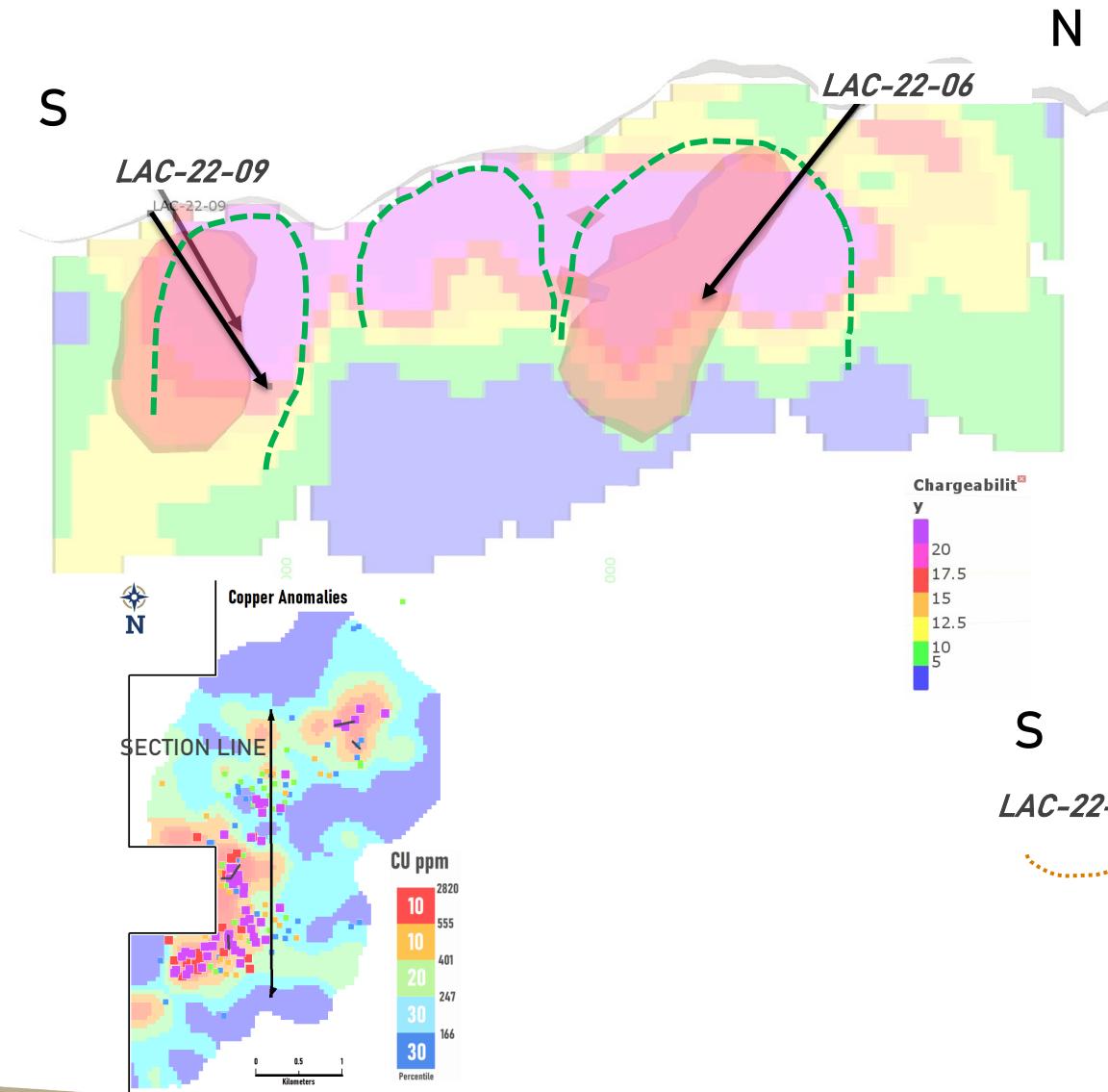


*MAG vs CHARGEABILITY**MAG vs RESISTIVITY*

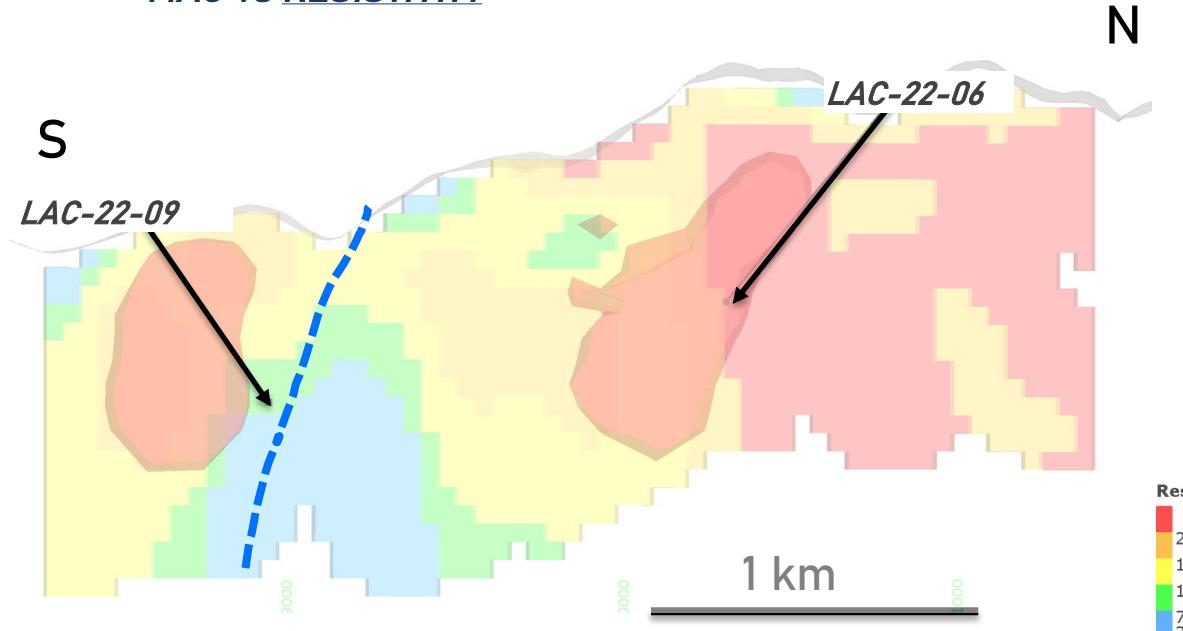
*MAG vs CHARGEABILITY**MAG vs RESISTIVITY*

## Schematic section looking N282°, CENTRAL ZONE and LACSHA NORTH

## *MAG vs CHARGEABILITY*



## *MAG vs RESISTIVITY*



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LAC-22-09

